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is delivered in every part of the city, and very thoroughly throughout the towns of Middletown and Portsmouth.

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WHY GO WEST to buy a farm, when you can buy one in Southern Rhode Island for less than $50 per acre, well adapted for raising potatoes. One could pay for it in two years from this crop alone.
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Having found it necessary to increase their facilities, in order to meet demands, have added to their list of companies the

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These figures give it a place in the first rank. Our agency represents the leading companies of England and America, and it costs no more to insure in a good company than a poor one.
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SITTINGS
Made on Cloudy Days!

And just as fine pictures made as on pleasant days. Bear this in mind and do not delay sitting on account of the weather.

It is Not Too Late

To get photographs for Christmas, and remember we have many attractive styles to select from. All orders you give us before Dec. 31 will be ready for CHRISTMAS.

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Outfits for amateurs, the Kodak and other styles of Detective Cameras. Complete line of supplies. Developing, printing, enlarging and architectural blue printing. Optical lantern to rent.

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Celluloid Cab. Frames (assorted tints) regular price 35c., holiday price, 15c.; Silk Plush Cab. Frames, regular price 50c., at 25c.; Rustic Silver 35c. Frames, for 35c.

Antique Oak and White Ivory Enamel Easels, prices $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00. Elegant life-size Frames and Mats at prices that astonish you.

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Grey Sanitary Wool Underwear,

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SEE WINDOW AT

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BERGEN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

On the West Shore R. R.
17 Miles from New York.

Plots are offered for sale for five cents per square foot. Property is carefully restricted. For further particulars application may be made personally or by letter to

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Beef, Iron and Wine

50 cents a bottle.

Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, 50c. a bottle.
Dr. Sims's Sarsaparilla, 75c. a bottle.
" " Mandrake Pills, 20c. a box.
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Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded

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Great Mark-Down Sale,

From now until after Xmas.

Our Stock is larger, and variety greater, than over before. All should avail themselves of this sale.

A. C. TITUS & CO.,

225 to 229 THAMES STREET.

Second Edition.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

BY TELEGRAPH

To the Associated Press.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS

CLEVELAND BLAMED.

Financial Distress Laid at His Door.

Governor Pennoyer's Christmas Letter to the President.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 26.—Governor Pennoyer yesterday addressed the following letter to President Cleveland: "Extraordinary circumstances which greet the return of this holiday must be my excuse for writing you. Today is the first Christmas in the history of Oregon when more than two-thirds of its people are without employment and more than one-third without sufficient means of support. Business is almost completely stagnated, money is not to be obtained, and debtors are powerless to avoid seizures of property and homes to satisfy, at a small percentage of their value, the claims of creditors.

Repeated appeals have been made to me as governor of Oregon to assemble the legislature, to alleviate this condition of affairs and avert impending calamity. Redress, however, is not in our hands, but in yours, and hence this appeal to you. The laws of Congress, which have discriminated against silver and made gold alone the full legal-tender money, giving to money lenders the privilege of refusing both silver dollars and silver certificates, thus rendering unavailable more than half the national currency as absolute debt-paying money, are the sole causes for the decline of values, paralysis to business and consequent impoverishment of the great army of wage earners, and of the impending starvation to their wives and children.

If, when you stood upon the eastern portico of the Capitol on March 4, you had announced to the people that you would speedily convene Congress in extra session to carry out the pledges of the platform to which you gave your assent and upon which you were elected, which declared 'for the use of both gold and silver as standard money without discrimination against either metal,' the widespread revulsion of business, which has diminished the value of the property of the nation by fully half, would never have occurred. And if now you would give such advice to Congress further downward tendency would be checked, and with favorable Congressional legislation business would against revive and prosperity would again visit our land. Why should you not do so? It is honorable to carry out the pledges of the party to the people, and is it not most dishonorable not to do so? Responsibility lies entirely with you. Complete obedience of the lower house of Congress to your wishes has been observed throughout the world. It would obey your behest, and in this the Senate would give you support.

You are a father, and you no doubt feel grateful to God when you, upon retiring to rest, look upon your sleeping babes in their couches, pictures of health, consequent upon their having a sufficiency of food and clothing. I pray you, however, to enlarge the scope of your vision and behold, as you can in many and many a cot, children, loved as much by their parents as yours, weak and sickly from insufficient food and clothing, innocent victims of vicious financial legislation, whose sleeping forms are bathed by scalding tears of mothers bending over them in sorrow and despair; and there resolve, as you should, to faithfully carry out the pledges which your party gave to the confiding people. If you will do so God will bless you and a grateful nation will applaud you."

GONE DUCK SHOOTING.

Cleveland, Gresham and Carlisle Seeking Recreation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—President Cleveland, Secretary of State Gresham and Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle left Washington at 10 o'clock this morning for a few days' recreation. Their destination has not yet been ascertained.

The President and his party, according to the best information obtainable, embarked on one of the lighthouse tenders, accompanied by Captain Robley Evans of the lighthouse board. They steamed down the Potomac to Chesapeake Bay, and will be absent from the city a couple of days. Duck shooting is suggested as the chief object of the trip. The departure was arranged with the utmost secrecy.

Private Secretary Thurber told newspaper men this morning that he would give out a statement at 4 o'clock this afternoon about the President's trip.

ORDERED TO RIO.

Cruiser New York Sails for the Brazilian Capital.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—Cruiser New York sailed for Rio Janeiro at 10 o'clock today. Captain J. W. Philip said that he had taken eleven hundred tons of coal on board, sufficient for fifteen days steaming, and he had stores for a six months' cruise. Captain Philip has received full instructions and will go direct to sea. His destination is Rio de Janeiro. He would not say what his orders were, further than they require him to proceed to sea.

Rear Admiral Gherardi and his staff went down on the dock and said good-bye to Captain Philip and the officers of the New York. A strong northwest wind was blowing, and when the three tugs pulled the New York out into the stream and let her go, the wind, aided by the flood tide, drove her stern foremost toward the cob-dock, and she seemed about to collide with the dock. Her engines were started at slow speed, but they did not stop her progress. The tugs were not in a position to aid her. When she was one hundred and fifty yards from the shore the starboard anchor was let go. This stopped her sternway, and her engines were started up, so that she was soon moving ahead, out of danger. The anchor was taken aboard, thirteen guns were fired in honor of the admiral, and as the shore guns gave a parting salute for Captain Philip the New York went down the East river under her own steam. She passed Governor's Island at 11:10 o'clock, and will go direct to sea if there is sufficient water over the bar.

TRESTLE AT CHESTER REPAIRED.

Boston & Albany's Regular Train Service Resumed.

BOSTON, Dec. 26.—The Boston & Albany railroad officials state today that repairs were completed at 10 o'clock this forenoon on the trestle at Chester, part of which was carried away by ice in the Westfield river yesterday. The regular train service over the bridge has been resumed, and trains are running on time.

WENT ON BUSINESS.

Arrival Home of Assistant United States Treasurer Jordan.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—Conrad N. Jordan, assistant treasurer of the United States, arrived on steamer La Bretagne, from Havre, last night. Mr. Jordan said this morning that he had had a pleasant business trip to the other side. He did not care to state what the business was which occasioned his trip. He is in good health and looks well.

Drowned in a Pond at Auburn.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 26.—Yesterday afternoon a three-years-old son of Oliver Ainley of Auburn fell through the ice and was drowned in Cunliff's pond. The body was recovered.

DOM PEDRO OF ALCANTARA.

Dom Pedro d'Alcantara, titular Duke of Grand Para, who was supposed to have left France for Brazil the other day, in order to take advantage of Admiral Mello's insurrection to make an attempt to recover the throne of his grandfather, is quietly pursuing his studies at the military academy of the Wiener Neustadt, near Vienna. He is nearly eighteen years old, and is the eldest son of the Crown Princess of Brazil and of her husband, the Comte d'Eu, the latter a son of the Orleans Duke of Nemours. Dom Pedro is a tall, slim, fair, young fellow, with golden hair, china-blue eyes, dimpled cheeks and the face of a girl of twelve. Until quite recently he attended school at Paris at the College Stanislas, where h was known by the sobriquet of "Mlle. Fifi," just as his grandfather, the Duc de Nemours, when he attended the same school nearly seventy years previously, used to be known by the name of "Fan."

Like the present Emperor of Germany, Dom Pedro has a withered left arm, due to an accident at his birth. Notwithstanding this, he has become quite a practised horseman and cyclist. Hitherto he has been brought up with great strictness, and he is far behind even French and German boys of his own age. Under the circumstances it would be preposterous to send out so callow and delicate a youth to take part in any *coup d'etat* at Rio, unless he could storm the national capital with chocolate creams and blockade Bahia with iced Nesselrode pudding, those being the two delicacies which have hitherto possessed a far greater interest for him than any dynastic or political movement.

BRITISH YACHTING NEWS.

Watson to Design Two Boats to Compete With American Craft.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The Times announces that Admiral Hon. Victor Montagu, who had the Viola, the Corsair and the Vendetta built, will have a new forty-rater next season. It will be designed by Watson and be built on the Clyde. Admiral Montagu says that he is open to race this cutter against any new forty-rater designed by an American designer, for a substantial stake, the best of three matches, under the rules of the British Yacht Racing Association. Both yachts must measure forty feet, yacht racing association rating. The American boat must be designed by an American, but, if it is thought advisable, it may be built in England or in any other country. Admiral Montagu has sold the Vendetta to Evelyn Simpson of Baldock, Hertfordshire.

The Messrs. R. G. & S. Allan of Glasgow have ordered Mr. Watson to design a ten-rater for racing next season. Mr. Henry Allan will oppose her with a ten-rater designed by Mr. Herreshoff.

THE MAXWELL LAND GRANT.

Secretary Smith's Reply to Governor Waite of Colorado.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 26.—Governor Waite yesterday received from Hoke Smith, Secretary of the Interior, a letter in reply to one in which the governor characterized the Maxwell land grant as "honeycombed with fraud." Secretary Smith reviews at length the litigation through which the land in question has passed, reciting that in 1860 Congress confirmed the Maxwell grant to the fullest extent of the boundaries claimed; that a patent was issued for the land in 1879; that suit was brought in the United States circuit court in Colorado in 1882 to have the patent vacated, which suit was dismissed; and that the United States Supreme Court in 1887 gave a decision sustaining the court below. The letter concludes: "If this department were to disregard the confirmatory act of Congress and the repeated decisions of the United States Supreme Court, and restore to the local officers the plats of public surveys of the grant for filings and entry, the only result would be to mislead innocent parties into making entries of lands to which the department would be wholly powerless to convey any title."

HAS NOT TALKED TO REPORTERS.

Commander Whiting Pronounces Alleged Interviews False.

KANSAS CITY, Mo. Dec. 26.—Commander Whiting, U. S. N., who with his wife has been spending a few days in Kansas City as guest of Bishop E. R. Atwell, leaves for Washington today. His leave has about expired, and he will report to Secretary Herbert for duty on January 1. Commander Whiting said yesterday that he had not talked to a single newspaper man since his arrival in San Francisco from Honolulu. His position in the government service precludes him from discussing matters of a public nature, and his private affairs, he thinks, are of no interest to any one. All published interviews with him he pronounces falsifications.

ALMOST A RIOT.

Omaha Colored Men in a Free Fight, and the Police Interfere.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 26.—A riot occurred here last evening in the colored district of the Third ward, which will result in the death of Gene Anderson, colored. Others were carried to the hospital, injured. A quarrel commenced in a boarding-house, over the possession of a colored Cyprian, between John Mack and Anderson. Blows followed, and soon each principal in the affair was surrounded by friends, who, fired by Christmas cheer, were more than willing to help on the merry-making. Razors were drawn and the melee assumed the guise of a small riot.

The block patrolman, attracted by the noise, and finding that it would be impossible for him to handle the crowd alone, sent in a riot alarm. This only helped to aggravate the mob, which had been constantly increasing, and when the squad arrived in the patrol it was met by a stubborn resistance. The friends of Mack were determined to prevent his arrest, and the blue jackets were compelled to use their clubs freely. Mack received some ugly cuts; Ed Dunn was carried to the hospital, bleeding profusely; John King was rendered unconscious by a blow from an officer's baton. When the smoke of battle had cleared away the prostrate form of Anderson was discovered on the sidewalk, and an examination showed that the back of his head had been crushed in. The doctors say he has but a few hours to live.

Assignment of Milwaukee Firms.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 26.—The Rich & Silber Dry Goods Company, one of the oldest retail dry goods concerns in the city, and the A. W. Rich Shoe Company assigned early this morning. A. W. Rich is the principal stockholder in both concerns. The bond of the assignee of the dry goods company is $225,000, and that of the assignee of the shoe company $106,000. No statement is made of the liabilities. The creditors of both are principally Eastern concerns.

Score in the Bicycle Race.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—The score in the six-day international bicycle race, at 10 o'clock this morning, was: Ashinger, 370 miles, 3 laps; Albert, 473 miles, 2 laps; Schock, 535 miles, 4 laps; Martin, 519 miles, 3 laps; Waller, 531 miles, 9 laps; Golden, 401 miles, 5 laps; Meixell, 424 miles, 1 lap; Hoerner, 458 miles, 7 laps; Forester, 332 miles, 5 laps; Fuller, 500 miles, 9 laps; Van Emberg, 397 miles, 3 laps; Barton, 336 miles.

McKane Granted a Stay of Proceedings.

BROOKLYN, Dec. 26.—Justice Cullen in the supreme court this morning handed down his decision in the case of the application of John Y. McKane and others, for a stay of execution of their recent sentence, pending an appeal. Justice Cullen granted the stay.

Stranded City of New York Breaking Up.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 26.—Monster waves rolled all over the stranded City of New York yesterday. The mizzenmast was carried away, considerable other damage done, and it was thought by some that her back was broken. When the storm abated it was found that everything abaft the funnel had been carried away. The prevailing opinion of wreckers is that the last chance has gone, and that the final break-up has commenced.

Closed by the Sheriff.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—The sheriff today closed up the store of Catherine B. Thompson, importer of millinery ornaments, at 634 Broadway, on executions for $44,154. The liabilities are $62,000. The failure is ascribed to the dull times and depression in the millinery business.

THE POVERTY OF NEW YORK.

Take New York, the commercial capital, the financial centre of the western hemisphere, as an example of the nation's money-making. The principal diversion of its citizens is vulgarly presumed to be getting rich. Actually it contains, in proportion to its inhabitants, more poverty, and of a worse kind, than any city on this continent. Fully a third of its people live in tenement-houses, and their condition is, in the main, deplorable. But, as they are nearly all illiterate and foreigners by birth or extraction, they are not to be considered, since this article refers to Americans generally, and to those comprehended in the intelligent, educated class. Of these more than two-thirds are probably dependent on salaries, hence can have no ambition beyond bread and butter, and many of them by no means fastidious in regard to the butter. An excess of one-half of the remaining third—really less than a third—are presumably small tradesmen, who must be satisfied if they earn a decent living; for the bulk of them certainly do not. A few may be enabled to save something, but it would be insignificant, at its largest, to any one of the mildest financial aspirations. This would leave not quite a sixth for merchants, bankers, professional men, artists, and those supposed to be in independent positions, if not in independent circumstances. How many of these are lifted above the bread-and-butter question? Precious few.

After all the babble about the enormous wealth of the metropolis, there are not, by a very liberal estimate, more than five hundred millionaires proper within its entire boundaries. And while the capitalists may be enumerated by the thousands, there are tens and tens of thousands of educated men and women who are pitifully paid. Considering the cost of living there, it is one of the least desirable towns in the Union for a person of ordinary income or earning power to choose as a place of residence; and hence, paradoxically enough, it is forever over-crowded.

The two most lucrative callings are generally conceded to be, the world over, and in New York conspicuously, the law and banking. Accounts of the golden rewards of lawyers and bankers so constantly assail our ears that we might readily regret that we had not selected one or the other as our vocation. But such accounts are deceptions. Law is remarkably uncertain. Hundreds of young men study it who are never admitted to the bar; and of hundreds admitted, not more than one-tenth of them practice. Of those who practice a large majority get so very scant a livelihood that they are continually driven to other occupations to make both ends meet. New York is today full of half-starving lawyers, while the air is ringing with a score of names coupled with munificent incomes. How happy would the mass of them be if they could be sure, in the accepted sense, of their bread and butter!

Every block up town seems to contain one doctor at least. There is in the aggregate such a number of doctors as to indicate that the city is the seat of pestilence, when, in fact, it is remarkably healthful. The explanation is that many of the doctors have no regular patients, and are compelled to lean on patients they may pick up. A few of high repute, who attend millionaires professionally, are flourishing; but their medical brothers generally are the opposite of pecunious. The smallest income that a New Yorker, with a New York family, as prescribed—a wife and two children—can support himself on decently is put at $5,000. To attain that a physician, it is alleged, must be capable, diligent, conscientious and watchful until past middle age. Physicians in that city generally do not earn $1,500 a year, and in the country frequently not more than $500 to $600. What hope have they of rising above the bread-and-butter question?

Manhattan is regarded as the paradise of preachers, because a dozen or more pastors of fashionable churches have salaries ranging from $10,000 to $15,000. But most of the pulpits there are filled by men whose pay is such that they are obliged to practice rigid economy to keep out of debt. In the villages and small towns throughout the country clergymen have nothing like adequate compensation for their labor; and to this fact is ascribed the remarkable decline of late in the number of students at the theological seminaries. Theology, indeed, is now accounted one of the callings that have, in most cases, ceased to be remunerative. It does not respond to the great practical question of the day.

Touching journalism and literature, they are precarious everywhere. New York is the sole city in America where a man in the field of true literature may live by his pen; and then and there he must not be squeamish as respects his living. The prices for newspaper work, and more careful and serious work, have risen materially in the last fifteen or twenty years, and still tend upward. But the supply of manuscripts, owing to the rapid increase of writers, distinctively of women, has long been in such excess of the demand as to depress still further the inky trade.—[Junius Henri Browne, in Harper's for January.

THE MAKING OF A WOMAN.

The education of a girl resolves itself to a single basis, writes Edward W. Bok in a strong article in the January Ladies' Home Journal. Woman's progress may, in the minds of some, have seemed to make it more complex, and confusion can enter into the question if a mother allows herself to listen to the proclaimers of so-called "advanced ideas." We will be led into the mistake of cultivating the mind at the expense of the heart, if we allow ourselves to be so led. But the error is a cruel one—painfully so to the girl who is led, unknowingly, into it. But if we permit our common sense to rule, the problem solves itself. We do not want our daughters to be encyclopedias, but true, womanly women. The first we can buy; the latter we cannot. Let us first look after the physical development of our girls, teaching them that good health outweighs all things. Let them understand the human mechanism, hiding nothing. Let them know what God requires of a woman, and why it is essential that she shall be as perfect in health, and as well-developed in body, as possible. Teach, by example as well as by precept, the value of outdoor exercise. Then begin mental development, giving her the benefit of the largest educational advantages within your powers, insisting, however, that her studies shall be those likely to be of greatest usefulness in after life. Let her study not up to her fullest capacity, but just a little this side of it. A margin of unspent power is a tremendous force to a woman. Then, if our schools and colleges shall continue to neglect the teaching of household economics, keep your daughter close to you at home for a year at least, or longer if necessary. With her mind free from mental studies, teach her the rudiments of the home, hiding not the kitchen utensils as you show her the dainty china. Make of her an all-around good home builder and housekeeper, holding up ever before her the one great truth that a woman is always most satisfactory to herself when she is a woman, and most beautiful to others when she is womanly. Let her know what it means to be a wife and mother. Make her not dependent, but likewise not independent, in the modern interpretation of that word. Between the two lies the truest type of womanhood. Let her aim be womanly, her thoughts of others tender, living her life so that the world may be better because she passed through it.

FROM TADPOLE TO FROG.

A frog meets with remarkable changes during his natural life. He begins as an egg and hatches out as a fish. That is, a tadpole, or polliwog, at first has gills, breathing water alone. In his early days, however, the tadpole soon loses the outside part of his gills, and breathes air, so that he has to come to the surface of the water every few minutes, like a porpoise, to get a fresh gulp of breath.

During the first part of his career he swims by sculling with his long tail. After a while his legs begin to grow out, his tail becomes shorter and shorter, and when he is a complete frog he has no tail at all, but swims by kicking. When half frog and half tadpole he still has a good deal of tail, and, in addition, big hind legs and mere sprouts of fore legs; so that he is a very funny-looking fellow.

Again, the tadpole eats water plants, but when he becomes a frog he feeds on animal life. Tadpoles eat the green moss or "scum" that we see so often on logs and plants in a stagnant pool, and they show a good appetite for soft, decaying water-growths. The fouler the pool, the happier the tadpoles. As they are numerous and thus devour a great amount of matter that would make it very unhealthful to live near a stagnant pond, they are really useful creatures. In captivity they will generally eat meat, whether good or bad, as well as bread and bran dough; and, as a special relish, will sometimes lunch on one another's tails.

The common frog gets his final shape in the first season; but the bullfrog goes under the mud for the winter, while still a tadpole; and it takes at least another summer, and sometimes more, before he has full right to be called a frog. He is some four years from the egg when in full growth, and does not become a bullfrog until ten years more.

The leading article in the January Forum will be "The Teaching of our Recent Economic Experiences," by Mr. David A. Wells, who has summed up the almost incalculable loss caused by the financial panic and analyzed the causes of it with a thoroughness that nobody else has attempted. He finds the deep-lying cause of our fiscal and commercial dangers in the popular ignorance of financial and economic literature and experience on the part not only of the great body of the people but of otherwise well-educated men.

JUST ARRIVED

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THE HOLIDAYS

A fine line of

Antique Silver.

Also many handsome pieces of FURNITURE.

Geo. E. Vernon & Co.,

91 JOHN STREET.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Powell's Toilet Cologne,
Palmer's Handkerchief Extracts,

And a Full Line of Toilet Goods suitable for presents.

FRANK L. POWELL,
DISPENSING CHEMIST.
Cor. Thames and Pelham Sts.

LOOK

—FOR—

Bargains

—IN—

OVERCOATS

—AND—

ULSTERS

AT THE

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

208 Thames Street. 208

This Morning's News.

BATTLE IN PROSPECT

Brazilian Insurgents Must Show Their Strength.

The Nictheroy Will Soon Set the Ball Rolling.

PERNAMBUCO, Dec. 26.—The anticipated battle between the Nictheroy on one side and the Republica and Aquidaban on the other has failed to come off, although it was expected that a fierce encounter would take place in the harbor here.

This belief was amply justified by the report received a few days ago that the Republica and the Aquidaban had been seen off the Brazilian coast, headed northward, and apparently bound for Pernambuco, as if to take the Nictheroy by surprise and compel her to fight without a chance of putting to sea.

The news received here yesterday changed the whole aspect of affairs. The rebel warships, it is learned, were not on their way to Pernambuco, but had sailed toward the mountainous and rugged island of Fernando de Noronha, where there is a large convict settlement. This island, despite its ruggedness, possesses considerable fertility, and its several harbors, defended by forts, would enable Mello to make a vigorous resistance of the attacking party.

Convicts For Seamen.

The revolutionary admiral's object in going to Fernando de Noronha, which is over 100 miles from the main coast of Brazil, is to compel as many able-bodied convicts as he can find in the settlement to go aboard his vessels and join their crews. It is said that he expects to secure not less than 1000 men in this way.

Upon receipt of this news aboard the Nictheroy there was great activity noticeable. Members of the crew were sent ashore in small boats to search through the town for such of the Nictheroy's men as had been allowed leave to land to hurry them back to the vessel.

Nictheroy on the Aggressive.

The Nictheroy's commander had apparently received instructions as to how he should act in such an emergency, and these instructions, it is believed, were to the effect that if he became convinced that the coming to Pernambuco of the Republica and the Aquidaban proved to be untrue, and that these vessels, instead of starting, were evading fight, he should lose no further time, but put to sea at once and force them into a naval contest for superiority.

This view of the case proved to be correct, for yesterday afternoon, when all of the men belonging to the Nictheroy's crew had been gotten aboard, she steamed out to sea and pointed her nose for the northwest. The Nictheroy's destination is the island of Fernando de Noronha.

If this information is correct, the long expected sea battle between the revolutionists and the government war vessels will in all probability be fought within a short time.

Remarkably Bold Robbery.

MARSHALL, Tex., Dec. 26.—Pacific Express Messenger McCullough was knocked down by a negro and robbed of a package which contained from $3000 to $8000. Although the act was done while a crowd of people was present the robber escaped. There is no clue to his identity.

A Rejected Suitor's Crime.

COTOPAX, Colo., Dec. 26.—Jack Clements shot and fatally wounded Louis Muehlbach at Cooldale. He then tried to kill his victim's daughter, but failed. Clements was overpowered and disarmed, but he escaped. Miss Muehlbach had refused to marry Clements.

Unfit For Duty.

QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 26.—British battleship Resolution, which was damaged during a severe gale in the Bay of Biscay, was compelled to put back into this port, as she rolled terribly for three days. Her hull is badly strained and she must be docked for repairs.

Marriage in High Life.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 26.—The marriage of Miss Frances Ewing, daughter of Judge Ewing, to T. B. Beecher, a banker of Memphis, took place at St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church. The church was filled with leaders of society.

Will Fight It Out.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Rumors to the effect that the suit of Miss Pollard against Representative Breckinridge for $50,000 for breach of promise will be settled outside of court is denied by those who are intimate with both parties.

Workingmen Want a Voice.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 26.—Arrangements have been made for the organization of an independent political party, which will be composed of the members of the various union labor organizations of Kansas City.

Ready to Fight For Union.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The Times prints a special Berlin article saying that there is every reason to believe that the King of Sweden is prepared to use force to maintain the union between Sweden and Norway.

Wake Up Sleepers.

HUNTINGTON, Pa., Dec. 26.—A very perceptible shock of earthquake was felt in this section early yesterday morning. It was sufficient to awaken many persons from their slumber.

Fast Wheeling.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—At the six-days' bicycle race the 1000-mile record was broken by Van Emburg, who made the distance in 5h. 30m. Hosmer broke the 12-hour record, making 256 miles and four laps.

FOR FREE LUMBER.

The Wilson Bill Is Being Anxiously Watched

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Information received here indicates that the Canadian government is taking no chances, and is at work to secure the retention of lumber on the free list in the Wilson bill. The opposition of certain interests to placing lumber on the free list has aroused the Canadian government, and Mr. Courtney, the deputy minister of finance, has been seen here. The argument that is being used to overcome the opposition to free lumber is that, in case this provision is eliminated from the Wilson bill, an export duty will be levied by the Canadian government on logs and lumber.

Logs are now on the free list by the law of 1890, as well as the law of 1883. In other words, the Dominion government has now taken the position that if the United States refuses to admit sawed lumber free, it will deprive the United States mills of the benefit of free Canadian logs. The Wilson bill has a provision in it supplementing the lumber schedule to the effect that free lumber will not be operative as against countries imposing an export duty on lumber.

THUNDERER SEES WAR

And Drops a Hint Concerning Great Britain's Coast Defenses.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The Times, reviewing the general political situation, says that circumstances throughout the world generally do not appear to favor the prevalence of peace and good will. After referring to the wars in South America, The Times says:

"Everywhere the great powers stand watching each other with incessant suspicion, straining their resources to the utmost in preparing for the anticipated attack. Happily, there is no immediate danger of war; but it is idle to deny that in many quarters and between many people the tension is greater now than it was a few months ago."

The Times proceeds to urge that the safety of the empire demands urgent and imperative attention being paid to the defenses.

Russia's Big Purchase.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—The report that the Russian government has bought from the United States and Brazil Mail Steamship company five steamships to be used in connection with the Russian government's transcontinental railroad in Siberia is confirmed. The vessels are the Cigurana, Vigilanta, Advance, Finance and Alliance. They are all big ships, supplied with modern machinery, and the price received for the five was $1,000,000.

Clemenceau's Criticism.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—M. Clemenceau will publish from Toulon a letter declaring that the man-of-war Magenta can not keep upright and that her second trial trip has been indefinitely postponed because of the risk to 600 lives and 25,000,000 francs. The writer says that the Magenta's condition calls for a parliamentary inquiry.

A Chicago Tragedy.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—Police Officers Healy and Doran are charged with murdering Samuel Nelson, who had giving them trouble after they had taken a drink together. Nelson knocked Healy down and then attempted to escape. Both officers fired revolvers, one inflicting a wound from which Nelson died.

Governor Waite's Call.

DENVER, Dec. 26.—Governor Waite has issued the long-talked-of call for a special session of the legislature to meet Jan. 10, 1894. The governor declares that "the mining interests of the state have been unjustly and unconstitutionally attacked by congress and the present administration."

Dog Had Feeling.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 26.—A Newfoundland dog, in resenting a kick from 14-year-old James Collins of Covington, literally chewed him to pieces. A crowd of over 1000 looked on without the courage to interfere. A policeman finally lassoed and shot the animal. The boy will die.

Invited Friends to See Her Die.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.—Mlle. Michailova, a favorite danseuse, invited a party of friends to supper. While they were seated at the table the hostess arose and in a few words bade farewell to her guests, swallowed a dose of poison and fell dead before her horrified friends.

Estimates on Losses Differ.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 26.—Fire in the block bounded by Clay, Commercial, Sansom and Leidersdorff streets resulted in one of the biggest fires of the year. Fire Marshal Towne estimates the loss at $500,000, but others say the loss will not be over $100,000.

A New Idea.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Major General Schofield has approved of officers giving commands, under certain circumstances, by whistles instead of by word of mouth. The whistles are to be placed in the cross-pieces of the guards of the swords.

Opposition Didn't Pay.

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 26.—The plant of El Domocrata, a newspaper which was confiscated by the government because of its opposition tendencies, has been donated to the orphan asylums of this city, by order of the first district judge.

DEATH RECORD.

Andrew Hull, an old and respected citizen of Danbury, Conn., is dead. He was a well-known figure on Wall street and in the Produce Exchange, New York, of which he was a member. In his day he was known as a daring speculator.

Hon. Robert Burns, for many years a prominent business man and Democratic leader in Maine, died at Eastport, aged 89. He was born in New Hampshire in 1811, went to Eastport in 1840, where he resided until his death.

Major Clarence M. Barton, a widely known newspaper man, died at Portland, Or. He was one of the founders of the Knights of Pythias.

John E. Tribble, ship captain and revivalist, whose remarkable dreams have attracted attention, died at Mystic, Conn.

Wallace B. Miller, agent for the New Haven Steamboat company, died very suddenly of apoplexy at New Haven.

Melville W. Drew, one of the oldest and most successful business men of Jacksonville, Fla., is dead.

Rufus F. Ingalls, recently appointed postmaster at Gorham, N. H., died suddenly.

Ex-Congressman John C. Nichols of Blackshire, Ga., is dead.

Ex-Governor Biggs of Delaware died at Middletown, Del.

Sir Robert Palmer Harding is dead.

Governor Fishback's Complaint.

LITTLE ROCK, Dec. 26.—Governor Fishback has written a letter to President Cleveland complaining that Indian territory is an asylum for dangerous criminals of all kinds. He cites developments in support of his statements.

Quartet of Alleged Murderers.

PRAGUE, Dec. 26.—In addition to the arrest of Socialists Dolezal and Dragoun on suspicion of being the murderers of the alleged Police Agent Mava, the police have taken into custody two more men as accessories in the crime.

WROTE TO STATESMEN.

An Austrian Finds Himself in a Bad Scrape at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The police of this city think they have made an important capture in the person of Joseph Donjon, who has made a business of writing threatening letters to public officials here.

A letter from this man to Senator Mills a few days ago caused the senator's son, Charles H. Mills, to secure leave from the authorities to go armed for the protection of his father. This was the cause of bringing the man's acts more prominently before the public.

For several months past he has been writing similar letters to a number of prominent public men, among whom were Vice President Stevenson, Senator Gorman, Senator Mills, Senator Sherman and, as the man himself claims, President Cleveland and Secretary Lamont. As long ago as during the fight over the silver question in the senate Vice President Stevenson received letters almost daily from Donjon, who was then in Newark, N. J. No attention was paid to them. The vice president yesterday received a letter which was dated from 304 Leigh street, this city.

A Talk With Reporters.

A number of reporters were at the police station to see the man, and he talked very freely. He is 28 years old, dark and sallow, and has a greasy complexion and a rather slouchy look. He has the drooping eyelids which usually accompany a brooding and melancholy disposition. He talks very rationally and with a rather studied effort to avoid any appearance of bitterness or the expression of any anarchistic views.

Donjon is an Austrian by birth and lays stress on the assertion that he is a Catholic and professes a degree of piety. His story is that he came to this country when 15 years old. He had been a telegraph operator, but gave up this work because there was some slight difference in the instruments and the alphabet. "Under those circumstances," he continued, "if I had secured a job they would have sent me to some remote office in the far west where there are coyotes and cougars and other dangerous creatures." In this the prisoner showed a fantastic apprehension that was characteristic of the tone of his whole recital.

Was Afraid of Miners.

He became a bench moulder after he came here and claims to have worked for a time in Ohio. Later with his father and mother and brother he went to Newark, N. J. Last May, being out of employment, he went west to Washington and Idaho, and he tells a rather fearful tale of the dangers he encountered from rough miners in that country while prospecting for gold. Then he went back to Newark and lived with his parents and brothers at 128 Burnett street. This agrees with the address of the earlier letters received from him here.

He contends that he was prevented from securing employment because he was not a member of the Knights of Labor or any other labor union. As to the letters he has been writing, he claims that he was incited to write them by other people, receiving $100 for doing it. Asked as to the character of the persons who did this, he disclaimed that they were anarchist, or that they formed any association. They were merely private persons. He also denies that there were any threats in the letters or any reference to dynamite. "I never saw dynamite, and wouldn't know it if I saw it," said he.

When asked what right he had to compose such letters at the bidding of other people, he simply inquired: "What right have you to write down what I am telling you. It was simply a business I went into to make a living, just as you write news for the newspapers."

Was Waiting For Answers.

He claimed that all that was contained in any of the letters were a proposition to each of the men addressed to forward him the cost of transportation to Washington and an offer to come on there and make a business proposition to them.

The man came to Washington three days ago from Baltimore. Sunday he fell in with a German on a bench in one of the public parks. The man was drunk, but spoke some words of encouragement, and told him that he was out of work, too, but gave him a quarter and hoped he might soon find employment. He thought the best thing he could do with the quarter was to get some postal cards and make another effort to secure answers from them to whom he had been sending.

He took lodgings and waited all yesterday for some one to appear in reply to his postal cards, but no one came. He then determined, he says, to start out to look for Chief Drummond and brought up in the station

Watson Will Try Again.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—Admiral Montague, will have a new 46-footer next season. It will be designed by Watson. This cutter will race against any new boat of the same class designed by an American designer for a substantial stake. The American boat must be designed by an American.

Four-Footed Detectives at Work.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 26.—Bloodhounds were yesterday turned loose on the trail of the murderer of John Waterson, the colored policeman. The murderer was wounded, and the bloodhounds were taken to the spot and immediately found a scent.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

Young McLaughlin Claims That the Shooting of His Friend Was Accidental.

LYNN, Mass., Dec. 26.—Patrick O'Rourke, 23 years of age, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon in his boarding house, 17 Allen's court. He met his death through the carelessness of Bernard H. McLaughlin, 17 years of age, who pulled the trigger of a self-acting revolver while the muzzle was close to O'Rourke's face.

The bullet had entered the forehead between the left eye and the nose, and had coursed on, entering the brain at the base. O'Rourke laid on the floor of the hallway at the top of the house, and McLaughlin, crazed with grief, was bending over the body of his chum, crying bitterly.

"I didn't mean to shoot him, and I did not know it was loaded," said McLaughlin to the inquiries made by those who had witnessed the last scene. The police were notified and McLaughlin was taken to the station.

Trestle Was Weak.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 26.—The watchfulness of the men in charge of the temporary trestle over the Westfield river, on the Boston and Albany road, where the terrible wreck of Aug. 31 occurred, was the cause of averting another railroad horror yesterday. Shortly after a train had passed, three of the main supports of the structure were carried away by the breaking of the ice, and the bridge was made unsafe for passage. Trains east and west were delayed by the transfer, which had to be made by team.

No Quarter For Jews.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.—Hosts of Jews are being expelled from Kieff. The expulsions from St. Petersburg continue, but upon a milder scale.

Landed at Last.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—The Algerian brigand, Areski El Bachir, who has long been a terror to the inhabitants of Kabylia, has been captured.

Lowell Has a Case of Smallpox.

LOWELL, Mass., Dec. 26.—Timothy Donahue, aged 22, living on Crosby street, was found to be suffering with smallpox and was at once removed to the pest house at the city farm. He had been sick three days, but it was not until yesterday afternoon that the nature of his ailment was discovered.

Little Ones Made Happy.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 26.—The Kamp Kumfort klub, an organization of local business men, entertained 1400 children under 12 years of age last evening. After a short musical entertainment $1000 worth of presents were given away.

Wreck of the Hattie Turner.

BATH, Me., Dec. 26.—Schooner Hattie Turner, Seelay, St. John, N. B., for Fall River, Mass., with lumber and deckload of shingles, is ashore near here. She will be a total loss.

New England Briefs.

Nora Birmingham, a Lynn, Mass., girl, is missing.

The big pulp mill at Madison, Me., is to resume operations.

John Harrigan was found drowned in a canal at Lowell, Mass.

The burning of the West Lynn, Mass., hotel caused $9000 loss.

Alexander Hamilton, Jr., committed suicide at Stoughton, Mass.

A supposed incendiary fire in Littleton, N. H., caused a loss of $15,000.

Mrs. W. A. Braley of Monmouth, Me., committed suicide by hanging.

Most of the crew of the Vineyard sound lightship are sick with the grip.

Daniel Clohecy of Haverhill, Mass., attempted suicide by cutting his throat.

Joseph Kelly is under arrest at Saco, Me., charged with breaking and entering.

One man was killed and another injured by a caving gravel bank at Woburn, Mass.

Thomas F. Lowes of Chelsea, Mass., who stabbed his wife, was held for the grand jury.

Boston aldermen voted down an order looking to the securing of pay for the use of the subway.

Bishop Lawrence will officiate as chaplain at the inauguration of the Boston city government.

Vandals broke into a cemetery chapel and other buildings in New Haven and destroyed property.

Fire engines got tangled up with a street car at Portland, Me., and several persons were injured.

Two thousand garment cutters withdrew from the Knights of Labor in New York and New Jersey.

Burglars blew the safe in C. D. Wilson's store at Amherst, N. H., to pieces, but secured very little money.

Georgie Cornwall, the kidnapped Melrose, Mass., boy, was found by Boston police and returned to his home.

John E. Burns of Northampton, Mass., who took paris green and laid down upon the grave of his betrothed, died at a hospital.

Rev. R. F. Hurlburt of Marion, Ia., opened a series of revival meetings at the Methodist Episcopal church, Bridgewater, Mass.

Rev. Charles M. Sampson of St. Johnsbury, Vt., has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Center church, Hartford, Conn.

The St. Johnsbury, Vt., Daily Republican will suspend publication Wednesday. The Weekly Republican will be continued.

Heman L. Sprague of Hinesburg, Vt., was arrested on the charge of marrying within three years after separating from his first wife.

At the final meeting of Northampton's, Mass., aldermanic board for 1893, Mayor O'Donnell was presented with a gold-headed cane.

"Many diseases arise from one cause —blood impurity.

Beecham's Pills

(Tasteless)

Purify the blood and, thus, go to the root of many maladies."

25 cents a box.

30

EVERY housekeeper finds a slice of delicious Ham just broiled to a turn, or a dainty slice of Breakfast Bacon, furnishes a most appetizing relish with

Flesh, Fish, or Fowl.

Only Grocers who really handle the BEST GOODS will supply the "FERRIS" brand, but it is worth the Consumer's while to INSIST upon having these CHOICE MEATS.

"A Little Higher in Price, BUT —!"

Desirable Rooms.

FOR RENT—A suite, 69 Broadway. Consists of six rooms and one in attic, with city water, gas and bathroom, all in complete order. Also part of a large garden. Apply to T. T. Pitman, Daily News Office

"The Pearl of Purity."

Saratoga Kissingen Water

The best sparkling Table Water in the world. The only water bottled with its own natural gas just as it flows from the spring, spouting up through 102 feet of solid rock.

From it in all its purity and without exposure to the air, is made SARATOGA KISSINGEN GINGER ALE, a marvel of life and delight to the most exacting taste. It beats world!

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

IN BOTTLES ONLY.

SARATOGA KISSINGEN SPRING CO.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

DRUGGISTS.

WM. H. COTTON,

Druggist and Apothecary,

OLD No. 146, NEW No. 226 THAMES STREET

NEWPORT, R. I.

A Lady Always Appreciates a Bottle of Choice Perfume.

WE HAVE A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Perfumes!

From the best makers, in bulk, in plain bottles and in exquisitely cut bottles

Geo. A. Wood,

Druggist, 106 Broadway.

ESTABLISHED 1780.

Hazard, Hazard & Co.,

Successors to Caswell, Hazard & Co.,

Have just received a very complete line of

Silk, Flannel and Cashmere Lined Chamois Vests,

For ladies and gentlemen. Also Lung and Chest Protectors at prices lower than ever sold before in this city.

212 Thames Street.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded day or night.

We have on hand an assortment of goods suitable for

Holiday Presents

Which will be sold at very low prices. Our stock of fine Toilet Colognes and Handkerchief Perfumes is complete. Try our concentrated Sachet Powders—fragrant and lasting.

DOWNING BROTHERS,

PHARMACISTS,

42 & 44 BROADWAY

For Coughs

Use Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry Wright's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil Compound Coltsfoot Tablets,

PREPARED BY

JAS. T. WRIGHT, Ph. G.,

Registered Pharmacist,

Washington Square.

INSTRUCTION.

PRIVATE TUITION

In Classics, Mathematics and English.

T. E. BLAKELY, B. A.

Mr. Blakely has had 17 years' experience as private tutor and refers to many of the most prominent summer residents. 9 Bay View Ave.

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Penmanship and Bookkeeping

343 Spring Street, Newport, R. I.

Alfred C. Langley, A.M.,

Private Tutor,

School Street. Call from 1 to 3 P. M.

Also Piano Instruction and Accompanying

MISS LOUISE P. STANHOPE,

Drawing and Painting.

Class or private lessons. Second term begins January 8. 22 Bay View avenue.

Mrs. T. W. Freeborne,

Teacher of Organ and Piano.

63 Broadway, upper bell, from 6 to 8 P. M.

MRS. J. P. CURLEY,

TEACHER OF FRENCH, PIANO AND SINGING.

Special attention given to beginners.

3 WHITFIELD COURT.

MISS SAYER'S SCHOOL,

122 Touro Street.

Circulars sent on application.

Edward Y. Mason

(Organist at Channing Church),

Instruction in Organ, Piano or Harmony.

Special attention given to beginners.

Accompanist for musicales, entertainments, etc.

Residence, 19 Cranston Ave.

Union National Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank will be held at the banking room on Tuesday, January 9, 1894, at 11 o'clock A. M. J. S. COGGESHALL, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., Dec 23, 1893.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

DRY GOODS.

Handkerchiefs

A large and attractive assortment of handkerchiefs of various kinds.

UMBRELLAS

for ladies and men.

Down Quilts, Table Covers, Silk Blankets, Table Napkins,

And a variety of small fancy articles.

C. M. DOCKRAY,

304 Thames Street.

New Percales, New Ginghams,

A large assortment of beautiful styles in these goods.

WM. B. SHERMAN, JR.,

COR. THAMES AND MARY STREETS.

HOLIDAY GOODS

—AT—

James H. Hammett's,

166 Thames Street.

J. E. JONES & CO.,

18, 20, 22, 24 and 26 Arcade,

PROVIDENCE.

Holiday Goods.

Buy sensible gifts this year. We have them in the form of Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Umbrellas, Pocketbooks, Ladies and Misses' Garments, Hoods, Knit Jackets, Blankets, Napkins and Table Cloths.

SPECIAL VALUES IN

12 1-2c. and 25c.

Embroidered Handkerchiefs.

The Daily News in Portsmouth.

It has been decided to extend the delivery of the News in the vicinity of the Railroad Station at Bristol Ferry.

WANTED—A boy to receive a bundle of papers at the station upon arrival of 2:55 train from Newport and deliver them to subscribers in the immediate vicinity.

Apply at the Daily News Office, Newport.

FORT ADAMS NOTES.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Lieutenants Greble and Smith visited Providence last week on official duties.

Major Frank G. Smith, Second United States artillery, will leave shortly for Washington, having been designated as a member of the commission to establish a national park at the battlefield of Chickamauga.

A general court-martial has been ordered to meet here on January 3, 1894, with Captain Edward Field, Fourth United States artillery, as president, and First Lieutenant S.M. Foote, as judge advocate.

Privates Warren Chase and Charles Haney of battery C have been dishonorably discharged from the service, by sentence of court-martial.

Private Michael J. McAdams of battery M has been granted a furlough for three months.

Private Daniel F. O'Brien, company H, Fourth United States infantry, a deserter, was tried here by general court-martial last week.

An entertainment was given to the children of the enlisted men, in the post library on Saturday afternoon, which proved an enjoyable affair for the little ones. An abundant supply of ice cream and cake preceded a Punch and Judy show, after which a Christmas tree was brought into view, loaded with suitable presents for all, which were distributed by Lieutenant Greble, who acted as Santa Claus, and the children departed with happy hearts.

Sergeant Peter Strother of Fort Warren, Mass., visited friends at the post last week.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON PRUDENCE ISLAND.

A fatal accident occurred at the farm of D. Harris Arnold, on Prudence island, Sunday afternoon. Two young men, D. Harris Arnold, Jr., of Central Falls and Frederick L. Jencks of Pawtucket, about sixteen years old, had gone to the island Saturday on a few days' gunning expedition. They were reading in the Arnold farmhouse Sunday afternoon, when they heard crows outside and loading their guns with shot-shells, started out into the field. The two boys took positions about ninety yards apart, along a stone wall, Arnold being near the corner of the field. They had scarcely taken their places before Jencks heard a loud report in the direction of the locality where his friend was stationed behind the wall. He saw smoke, but seeing no birds in the vicinity at once hastened along the wall to ascertain if all was right with his companion, and soon saw the body lying on the ground with the face and head badly shattered, and both barrels of the gun discharged. Jencks at once summoned help and the body was taken to the farmhouse. Death had been instantaneous, upon the first shot, the muzzle of the gun being so close to the body that the neck and face were blackened by the powder. The concussion of the contents of the first barrel had probably discharged the second, the shot taking effect in the lower part of the face.

A boat was sent across to Bristol and the family of the dead lad was notified of the accident, and a second boat came to the Portsmouth shore, to send word to Dr. Benjamin Greene of Portsmouth, who notified Medical Examiner MacKaye, in whose district the island is located. The medical examiner went to Prudence yesterday morning on the Providence boat, and after examining the body and investigating the cause of the accident made a return of death by accident to the town clerk of Portsmouth, and a permit was given for the removal of the body to Providence, steamer City of Newport making an extra trip down to take the remains.

Examination of the rifle disclosed the fact that the right-hand hammer of the gun could be, by moderate force, brought from half-cock down upon the plunger which ignites the cartridge. The hammers had marks upon them made by the rocks, and rocks were found in the wall that had fresh marks, evidently made by the hammer, showing the direct cause of the accident.

IMMEDIATE AND GENERAL VALUE OF CO-OPERATIVE BANKS.

The chief of the Massachusetts bureau of statistics and labor, Mr. Horace G. Wadlin, in speaking of the co-operative banks, says: "Whatever increases consumption stimulates production, sets in motion the wheels of industry, carries in its train the advantages to the community which spring from industrial prosperity. The thrift that leads only to accumulation may not be an economic virtue. A wise expenditure is as necessary as a wise saving. An increase in the social wants of the common people, if accompanied by the means of satisfying those wants, leads immediately to greater production, increased disbursements for wages, ampler returns to capital, and the massing of more capital. The social benefits that flow from the increase of capital in the community need scarcely be mentioned. They include better schools, the public library, better roads, public parks, and, in general, an increase of the property which is owned in common, and of the benefits that flow from a liberal public expenditure. I need not enlarge in this direction. The co-operative associations on the one hand aid thrift, encourage the civic virtues, promote savings, develop self-help, which is the only help worth having; but, on the other hand, they also encourage wise expenditure. It is as much a part of their purpose to promote building, as it is to reward economy. All their capital is turned into this channel. Money saved in them means money paid for labor. By far the larger part of it is expended for a home in the immediate neighborhood where the association exists. Notice now the economic effect of such an expenditure. An expenditure for a home means, sooner or later, an expenditure for the things that beautify the home. A little better furniture for the best room, a carpet here, an easy chair there, a few pictures on the walls, perhaps a cabinet organ, possibly a piano, a few books, greater care for personal adornment, a broader outlook for the children, a gradual elevation of the standard of living—this is the story that, hundreds of times repeated, is being told in connection with membership in these associations. Economically considered, these things imply greater consumption on the part of the average citizen. Enlarged consumption, as I have said, means enlarged production, more profitable employment of capital, general industrial prosperity, wider social opportunity, not merely for the few, but for the community. Again, I say, the benefits of these associations cannot be restricted to their members. I would not weight my argument with more than it can bear. Society advances through no single channel. Numberless influences, some near, some remote, help the onward movement. The possible benefits to be realized from the co-operative building and loan associations may not always be secured. That may at once be admitted. But it still remains true that the essential features of the plan upon which they are founded entitle them to an important place among the institutions which have a civic and an economic value to the community as a whole."

The Modern Pandora's Box.

The modern Pandora of fashion and folly
Has opened the box of the ills of her kind;
Hence weakness and sickness with acute melancholy,
Much suffering of body and worry of mind.
This host of complaints, this legion of pain,
Has harassed the lives of all of the sex.
For relief shall they seek forever in vain?
And must they still suffer disorders complex?
Ah! No! For Pandora has left in the box
A sure cure for ills of all such description.
Of its wonderful virtues each purchaser talks,
'Tis Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription!

DR. R. V. PIERCE: Dear Sir—I have taken the "Favorite Prescription" and I can recommend it to anybody that suffers with any female disease. I have tried several doctors' prescriptions but none did me the good that yours did.
Yours respectfully, MATTIE TERRY,
Postmistress, Sheerer Hill, Dallas Co., Ala.

THE CURFEW BELL

In the old town of Newburyport, Mass., where yet the town crier makes his noisy round, the curfew bell has begun to ring after a silence of nearly a score of years, says the Kansas City Star. The very name of the old town sounds restful; the push and jam and whirl and jargon of modern life has not invaded a town that is inhabited by citizens who take time to say Newburyport.

It may not be compressed into Ch'ago or Kans' City or S'n Loose or 'Frisco. It is New-bury-port now, as it was in the beginning, and shall be ever after. And when all is said in favor of our new West, when all the speeches have been made setting forth our superior commercial advantages, when our electric lights, cable cars, water works and modern machine-made improvements are dilated upon to the last degree, there is still somewhere in the heart something unsatisfied. This something is an unexpressed longing for the home comforts and the simple human joys that the machine cannot bring. Perhaps it is because the palate is sated with mechanical ministration, maybe it is because "the hills are green afar off;" but, be that as it may, there is ever present in the average Westerner who has a heart at all the half-stifled envy for the simple men and women who live so peacefully in the quiet burgs and the old-fashioned villages of the restful East.

The Western land is too nervous. It is a common saying that a man in the West is urged on to great achievements. And the saying is true; one has to keep at something to avoid the St. Vitus dance. It is hardly imaginable that a Western town—even a very small Western town—should tolerate a curfew bell. Even in the small town there is always hope of a coming boom. The electric light is burning in the window lest the boom pass by night.

The water tower on the hill ever beckons the truant boom to come back; a curfew would frighten it away. A curfew would never be permitted in the city limits, and the lot owners in the "College Hill addition" would file a protest against a curfew. They would have an injunction out to prevent its ringing, in twenty-four hours after its first tones rolled over the sunflower stalks that rise from the path of the electric car wandering wearily across fields in search of the passenger who never comes. No, the "curfew shall not ring tonight" in the West, or ever until this fitful fever is over—if it ever goes down. We of the West are bound to the rock; we have stolen the fire, the energy of the gods; the vultures of unrest must gnaw our vitals. We may look away across the hills and far away; we may see green fields and running brooks; but until our crime has been expiated we may not tangle our feet in the grass of the lowlands nor bathe our brows in the quiet waters. Even the poets of this doomed generation must time their meters to a nervous, jerky rumble.

Good poetry enough, but it is for a hustling age. You can fit it to the tune the gripman plays with his alarm gong; it will go to the clatter of the car, and the rattle of the beer wagon over the cedar block paving will almost fit it. It is the echo of the street. Whatever meter the singer of this busy time and place tries the result is a street song. He is doomed to this. The gods have willed it as their punishment to wilful man that no song shall take him from his slavery. He may not sit quietly away from the crowd and hear

The curfew tolls the knell of parting day,
The lowing herd winds slowly o'er the lea,
The ploughman homeward plods his weary way
And leaves the world to darkness and to me.

A COAT LIKE MOTHER'S.

A stunning little shopping gown has a skirt of black broadcloth and a round bodice of black astrakan, double breasted, with enormous gigot sleeves, and collar points turning away deeply. A white shirt shows at the tiny opening, and a high starched white linen collar. The necktie worn is a big one and of the fur, the dress bow being a ready-tied one. A little round box of a cap, with cock's feathers at the side, is of the fur, and a broad band of fur finishes the foot of the gown. The pretty fashion of last year, which directed a girl to put her dainty feet, hosiery, shoes and all into big overshoes, buttoning high up like boots, fleece lined and frankly clumsy, again prevails, and on-lookers are again diverted from their dinners and luncheons at restaurants and hotels by seeing the swell miss divest her-

self of "goloshes" and astonish every one by showing what tiny feet can go into the big overthings and not get lost entirely.

A little girl's coat, tight fitting front and back and closing in front beneath a big box pleat, is seen in the picture. The bottom is bordered with a narrow band of fur, and the embroidered satin bretelles are edged on both sides in the same way. Plain balloon sleeves go with it, and the whole garment, with its straight across shoulders and great width there, is wholly in keeping with the styles demanded for older wearers.

Lace in festoons is still a favorite garniture for skirts, and unless the lace is very beautiful and its display warrants an arrangement with such a look of upholstery the method has little to recommend it. Mere display is always bad taste. Clothes are to cover us, but many women dress as if they were mere figures to support clothes; in other words, they subordinate themselves entirely to their gowns, which is all wrong.

THE TOILER'S GOOD-NIGHT.

Gone, little candle! shine against the void of night,
Defying all the gloom with thy one spark of light;
For now the day is done, and toil with comfort blest,
Thou, thy wavering flame, shalt light me to my rest.

Cheer up, despairing heart! tomorrow may be bright.
Adversity is wide, yet have we faith to fight.
Like this brave candle, burn amidst life's darkness deep,
And, ere thy flickering fade, light me to my long sleep.

—[Henry Tyrrell.

FANCIES.

Christmas Eve is hardly so suggestive of a Knight of the Garter as a night of the stocking.—[Philadelphia Times.

About the toughest thing that can happen to a man is to go contrary to his wife's wishes, and then fail.—[Atchison Globe.

Herdso—When you get to be a man, are you going to be a lawyer, like your father?
Dick Hicks—Nope; going to be a good one.—[Brooklyn Life.

"How slowly the train is moving now!" said a passenger.
"Yes," replied another. "The baggage master must have checked it."—[Pittsburg Chronicle.

Mamma—Now, dear, the doctor's gone, what can I do to amuse you?
Emerson (aged five, wearily)—If you please, mother, I think I should like to go to sleep and reduce my temperature. (Fact).—[Vogue.

The Human Elephant—Say, the India rubber man got full last night.
The Double Headed Man—What did they do to him?
The Human Elephant—Bounced Him.—[Life.

When her mother read from the letter that Uncle John, who lives in England, had lost £300, little Alice, who had never seen her distant relative, exclaimed: "Why! what a fat man uncle must have been!"—[Philadelphia Times.

Hunter—For Heaven's sake, who ever buys your goods in this out-of-the-way place?
Mr. O'Toole—Divil a soul. Yez see, I lost so much trusting people that I set up a store here ter kape what little I had left.—[Harper's Weekly.

Directory Clerk—What's your name?
"Faith, an' I dunno. Lasht Widnisday it was Magginnis, and nixt T'ursday it'll be Dermott, and phat it is now is betwane both of thim names, phwativer that may be."—[Brooklyn Life.

She is one of those very matter of fact girls.
"How are you getting along with your music?" asked the young man, who was calling on her.
"Well," she answered, "of course it wouldn't be proper for me to compliment myself. But some of the neighbors have told me that they have stayed awake at night for hours listening to my playing."
And she smiled in a self-approving way that was sweet to behold.—[Washington Star.

PERSONALS.

....Another representative of a foreign religion, Aurnsbotaug Ras Telang, a high-caste Brahmin, who has tarried in America since the Parliament of Religions at Chicago, is studying the manners and customs of the American people. He is at present in San Francisco and is said to be gathering material for a book.

....James Crapsey, born in January, 1794, was the first man who settled in Edgerton, Wis., and since that time up to the present he has been at work at the railroad station in some capacity or other. Now he is baggage man and local freight agent, and is said to be as active as any of the boys about the station of a quarter his age.

....Miss Dorothea Klumpke, the California girl who has attracted much attention in Paris recently for her work in astronomical research, has been made a doctor of mathematics by the University of the Sorbonne, after passing an excellent examination. This is the first time this degree has been conferred upon a woman in France. Miss Klumpke is in her twenty-eighth year.

....Alfred Hawes of Sherborn has just returned from a twenty-year residence in Africa, bringing with him the largest individual collection of preserved skins of rare and beautiful birds and animals and rare specimens of minerals. The collection is a very notable one, comprising four tons, custom house measurement, and is pronounced by good authority the largest and best collection ever taken by one person alone from the Dark Continent.

....St. Philip's Protestant Episcopal Church in the Highlands, at Garrison's, New York, has been presented with memorials of the late ex-Secretary of State Hamilton Fish, whose remains lie in the cemetery attached to it. The memorials comprise a chancel rail of oak and brass, and altar cloths made of rich silk damask, embroidered with such skill as to rival the effect of the finest painting. The chancel rail is supported by massive heavy twisted standards, ornamented with scrolls and foliated work in wrought brass. In the centre of the rail and directly in front of the altar there is a double gate composed of arches and scroll work, also in brass. The gate bears the following inscription: "To the glory of God and in memory of Hamilton Fish and of Julia Kean Fish, by their loving children."

....Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page have leased for two years, at a rental of $10,000 per annum, with the privilege of purchasing at the end of that time for $80,000, the large house on Massachusetts avenue, Washington, built by the late Colonel Nevins of Boston. The house was not quite completed at the time of the owner's death, about a year ago, consequently it has never before been occupied. It will be remembered that Mrs. Page was formerly Mrs. Field, widow of one of the millionaire partners of the Chicago firm of Field, Leiter & Co. Not more than a stone's throw from the Pages' new home is the splendid new residence, just completed, of Mr. and Mrs. Leiter, who, on account of the recent death of a near relative, will not entertain this season, except in dinner parties for the young people. It is a somewhat singular coincidence that the two families who have paid the highest sums for leasing property in Washington should be former members of the well-known Chicago firm.

The Massachusetts bank commissioners have debarred the American Building Loan and Investment Society of Chicago, one of the three outside organizations doing a co-operative bank business in Massachusetts, from further operations. This concern was admitted to business in 1890, and has taken from $150,000 to $160,000 from stock or shareholders in the state. It has on deposit about $54,000, to which the shareholders will have to look for their dividends. The cause of complaint against the company in question is that it has failed to make returns to the commissioner. On investigation the commissioner found that "the funds of the society were being invested recklessly and in a manner which rendered the further continuance of the society to do business in this commonwealth hazardous to the public." This is another illustration of the fact that it is the safest policy to deal entirely with local institutions.—[Boston Herald.

As the name indicates, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is a renewer of the hair, including its growth, health, youthful color and beauty. It will please you.

Your Vitality

depends upon the food you eat and assimilate.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

is the perfect food for bone and brain.

INCOME AND EXPENSES OF THE POPE.

Since the heavy losses made by the pope a year or more ago the finances of the Vatican have been superintended with great care. "It is known," says a Paris paper, "that a committee of prelates and several cardinals exists at Rome, whose duty it is to regulate the use of the sums of money which flow into the treasury of the Vatican. These sums come principally from two sources; the revenues of the property possessed by the pope and the gifts of the faithful, known as Peter's Pence. The property of the Vatican is of various kinds, but the greater part of it consists of money or bonds, placed in England and France, under control of the Paris house of Rothschild. Peter's Pence is an annual revenue which is far from being fixed. In good years the total of the sum received from all countries of the world reaches 8,000,000 francs. Sometimes it is as low as 6,000,000, and even 5,000,000. This has been the case for the last five years. This diminution is due, in great part, to the discord between the Royalists and the French Catholics produced by the Republican policy of the pope. France alone furnished two-thirds and often three-quarters of Peter's Pence. And in France it is the Royalists who prove themselves most generous. But since the adhesion of Leo XIII to the republic, many of them, more Royalist than Catholic, have closed their purses to the pope. However, despite all this, French bishops still forward the largest sums to His Holiness. Thus the Bishop of Nantes sent a few days ago 100,000 francs from his flock as their gift to the Vatican treasury."

"Italy," adds the Journal, "contributes only a small part of the revenue—a few hundred thousand francs a year. The Romans show themselves in this regard less generous than other Italians. On the other hand, the Anglo-Saxon countries—England, Ireland, Australia and the United States—begin to send important sums. If Catholicism continues to grow in these countries, it is easy to see that in time the Vatican will draw considerable sums from them.

"Again, there are the royal courts, such as that of Austria, which send annually rich presents to the pope. This is even true of princes of ancient Italian families. Francis II, ex-King of Naples, and Maria Theresa, formerly Grand-Duchess of Tuscany, never fail to send their offerings, which consist of several thousands of francs. The Comte de Chambord was accustomed to give annually 50,000 francs; the Count of Paris sends the same sum."

"The expenses of the Vatican," continues the writer, "amount annually to more than 7,000,000 francs. They are regulated as follows: For the personal wants of the pope, 500,000 francs; for the cardinals, 700,000; for poor dioceses, 400,000; administration of the Vatican, 1,800,000; secretary of state, 1,000,000; employes and ablegates, 1,500,000; support of schools and poor, 1,200,000.

"The cardinals at Rome live at the expense of the pope. The income of each from this source is at least 22,000 francs. The secretary of state is charged with upholding relations with foreign governments by the mediation of nuncios. The four most important—Paris, Vienna, Madrid and Lisbon—each receive an allowance of 60,000 francs a year.

"The last jubilee of Pope Leo XIII brought to the Vatican 3,000,000 francs. At the first, celebrated five years ago, 12,000,000 francs were received. In the course of years the pope has introduced a number of economies in the different branches of the Vatican service, and for that reason he has been called miserly. This accusation is not merited; the economies became necessary. In a state whose expenses are considerable and whose revenues continue to diminish, Leo XIII has many reasons to follow the example of his illustrious predecessor, Sixtus, as it is difficult in the present time to count on the generosity of the faithful."

THE KIND THAT CURES

O. F. SAMPSON,
Marshfield, Mass.

DANA SARSAPARILLA Co.

GENTS:—About two years ago I was taken with a **lame back**, which at times was so bad that **I was confined to my bed** for days at a time. I consulted different Physicians, some pronounced it **Lumbago**, some **Rheumatism of the Muscles**, etc. I received no permanent aid from them. I got so bad I was **in pain** all the time. At last I thought I would try

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA

as, if it did me no good I could get my money back. The first bottle helped me. I have taken **five bottles** and the **pain is all gone**. I feel like a **new person**. Truly DANA'S is **"The Kind That Cures."**

Resp'y yours, O. F. SAMPSON.
Marshfield, Mass.

GENTLEMEN:—I believe Mr. Sampson's statement is true. Respectfully yours,
LUTHER P. HATCH, Merchant.
Marshfield, Mass.

Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast, Maine.

WE HAVE OPENED AN UNUSUALLY GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Tea Tables,

Palm Stands, Pedestals,

Umbrella Stands and Easels

For the **holiday trade**, at prices to suit the times. A full stock also of

Desks, Bookcases, Chiffoniers, etc.

EDWARD P. MARSH,
101 & 103 Thames Street.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

Only $2 to New York,

Via Fall River Line,

For first class limited tickets. Fares reduced to all points beyond New York. Steamers PILGRIM and PLYMOUTH in commission. Leave Newport, week days, 9.15; Sundays, 10.15 P.M. Due New York 7.30 A. M. Annex boat for Brooklyn and Jersey City connects with steamer on arrival.

Returning from New York, steamers leave Pier 28, North River, foot of Murray street, week days and Sundays, at 5 P. M. Connecting annex boat leaves Brooklyn 4.30 P. M. Jersey City, 4.00 P. M. East bound steamers touch at Newport at 3.15 A. M.

A fine orchestra on each boat.

For tickets and staterooms apply at the New York & Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street, J. L. Greene, Ticket Agent.

J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Mg'r, Boston, Mass.
GEORGE L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport.

NEWPORT AND WICKFORD

Railroad & Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route"

In effect November 27, 1893.

Leave

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newport,	10 00	4 30	*8 00
Providence, arr.	12 00	6 13	9 55
Boston, "	1 25	7 30	11 00
New York, "	4 50	11 00	B
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Leave

	NIGHT.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
New York,	†‡12 03	....	5 01	1 00
Boston,	....	....	10 03	3 00
Providence,	....	6 40	11 13	6 0.
Newport, arr.	8 35	8 35	1 00	7 0.
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.

*Connects at Providence with mail train due in New York at 7 A. M.
†Except Saturdays.
‡Via Providence.
B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2.15 A. M.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.

O. H. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD.

Old Colony System.

Time tables showing local and through train service, between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Sunday, Dec. 3, 1893, trains will leave **Newport** for **Boston, week days,** 7.45, 10.15 a. m., a12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Return** 5.45, 8.30, a9.30, 11.45 a. m., 3.40, 4.35, ab.10, a6.00, p. m. **Middletown,** c7.20, c10.15 a. m., c2.55, c5.15 p. m. **Portsmouth Grove,** c7.20, c10.15 a. m., c2.55, c5.15 p. m. **Portsmouth,** 7.20 10.15 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Bristol Ferry,** 7.20, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Tiverton,** 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 a.m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p.m. **Fall River,** 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Taunton,** 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Middleboro',** 7.45, 10.15 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Cape Cod,** 7.45 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Plymouth,** 7.45, 10.15 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **New Bedford,** 7.45, 10.15 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Fitchburg and Stations on Northern Division,** 7.45, 10.15 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Lowell,** 7.45 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Cottage City, Oak Bluffs,** 10.15 a. m. **Nantucket,** 7.45 a. m. **Providence,** 7.45, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. Return 7.45, 9.55 a. m., 12.40, 4.30, d6.35 p. m.

SUNDAYS, for **Boston,** 6.00 p.m. Return, 4.35 a. m., b6.00 p.m. For **Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Taunton, No. Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, So. Braintree, Braintree** and **Quincy,** 6.00 p. m.

aPark Square Station.
bPark Square Station, boat from Fall River.
cWill stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
dBoat from Fall River.

J. R. KENDRICK, 3d Vice President, Boston.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Boston.
E. G. ALLEN, Gen'l Supt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT CO.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, SEPT. 11,

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

PROVIDENCE

Week days only at 8 A. M. Leave Providence for Newport week days only at 4 P. M.
Stop at Prudence Tuesdays and Fridays only.
Stop at Conanicut Fridays only

EXCURSION TICKETS ONLY 90 CENTS.

ONE FARE 50 CENTS. TEN TRIPS $1.

All freight must be delivered at wharf thirty minutes before boat leaves to insure shipment.

A. LIVINGSTON MASON,
General Manager.

BOSTON & PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP CO.

FROM

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct.

Every Wednesday and Saturday

at 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the Old Colony Railroad and connecting roads.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

☞ Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to

J. H. JORDAN, Agent O. C. R. R., or to

H. J. Jernegan, Agent,
Derrick Wharf, Fall River.

E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l Manager, Boston, Mass.

1893 TIME TABLE

Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

On and after Friday, Nov. 10, 1893,

Steamer Conanicut

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.30 A. M.; 12.00 M.; 2.30, 4.15, *5.30 P. M. Sundays, 10.15 A. M.; 4.30 P. M.

Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 10.45 A. M.; 1.30 3.30, 5.00 P. M. Sundays, 9.45 A. M.; 4.00 P. M.

*Or on arrival of Providence boat Wednesdays and Saturdays.

For Block Island.

Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Conley, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesday, Thursday and Saturdays at 12.30 P. M.; returning, leave Block Island Monday, Wednesday and Fridays at 8.30 A. M., weather permitting.

Christmas Trees,

Mistletoe, Holly, Stars, Anchors, Crosses, Wreaths, Single and Double Wreathing.

Oranges, Table Apples, Bananas, New Nuts, Figs, Dates, etc., in great abundance and at low prices.

W. F. WILLIAMSON,
208 Thames Street.

☞ **Agent for the Fall River Laundry.**

BILL HEADS, Statements and all kinds of Mercantile Printing **At the Daily News Office**

THE TRADES.

P. J. Murphy,

PRACTICAL PLUMBER,

161 & 165 Spring Street.

Sanitary plumbing, drainage and ventilation a specialty, which will receive prompt and personal attention.
Office and show room 165 Spring street.
Telephone 6614-6.

T. W. FREEBORNE

AUCTIONEER.

Sales of Real and Personal Property Made and satisfaction guaranteed.

TIN ROOFING,

Gutters and general jobbing done at reasonable rates at

99 THAMES STREET READ'S BLOCK.

PUSEY A. PEER, JR.,

BARBER,

Cor. Thames and Pelham Streets,

Over Powell's Pharmacy, entrance on Pelham St.
Persons waited on at their residences if desired.

Charles W. Gardiner & Co.,

Plasterers and Stone Masons,

142 THAMES STREET.

SMITH BOSWORTH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, WINDOW FRAMES, etc.

WEST BROADWAY.

GODDARD & BARLOW,

PRACTICAL

Tinsmiths and Metal Workers,

REAR OF 122 THAMES STREET

Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN MARBLES,

—AT—

P. Stevens's Son's, 29 Thames Street.

F. A. ALLAN,

Carpenter and Builder

17 Warner Street.
Shop, No. 7 Caleb Earl Street.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,

Agent for A. Northrop & Co.'s

Patent Metallic Ceilings.

Ceilings of all descriptions furnished and put up at short notice.

No. 12 Berkeley Street.

J. D. JOHNSTON,

Architect and Builder,

Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work Executed with despatch.

Shop, 63 Mill street, P.O. Box, 161. | Office, 70 Pelham street. Residence, 106 Church.

Floor Tiles.

J. B. COTTRELL,

Marble and Granite Worker.
Work done in the best manner.

WARNER STREET, opposite Island Cemetery

ESTABLISHED 1815.

HAMMETT'S LUMBER YARD.

Lumber, Hardware, Brick, Lime, Cement, Drain Pipe.

Johns Asbestos Paint.

No. 321 Thames Street.

Poultry, Poultry!

We are receiving daily from the well known Seth Bateman farm, Tiverton, R. I., fancy chickens and Turkeys. This poultry is as fine in quality as ever shown in this or any other market; as prices of poultry are low we are selling this fancy stock at extremely low figures.

A. A. HUNT & CO.,

151 THAMES STREET.

FINE ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST

Heating Stoves,

For Parlor, Halls and Stores,

FOR SALE BY

WM. K. COVELL,

163 THAMES STREET.

There Was a Time

When, in order to reach all residents of the islands of Rhode Island and Conanicut, an advertiser was obliged to use more than one paper, assuming thereby a considerable expense.

TIMES HAVE CHANGED,

so that an advertiser in the Daily News reaches, practically, everybody within the bounds of Newport, Middletown, Portsmouth and Jamestown; and he does this at no greater cost than he assumed before, when a portion only of the city of Newport was reached.

T. T. PITMAN, Publisher.

THE NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.

T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 307 Thames Street.

News, $6.00 a year, Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office, - - 6417-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, - - 6417-3

The first edition of the Daily News is printed in season for the early afternoon train and for delivery in Middletown and Portsmouth.

The second edition contains the latest telegraphic and local news, and is delivered by office carriers throughout the entire city.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent to any address in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type (or five-sixth of an inch) makes a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half of these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the **daily** and **weekly** papers receive a discount on the combined rates and gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled and at reasonable prices.

Newport Daily News

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1893

A Paper of "Known Circulation."

The average edition of the Daily News per day for week ending Dec. 23 1893, was 3248

CHRISTMAS PAST.

It was a blessed Christmas. The skies were bright and the air was balmy. As the earth in this locality was not carpeted with snow, and the grass still bears its summer tints, it was a "green Christmas." And though we should have had no occasion for disappointment or complaint had it been cold and stormy, and had Santa Claus been compelled to visit his friends on runners instead of on wheels, we should have still enjoyed it. Nobody can be justified in complaining of Christmas weather, whether it be cold or warm. But we may be specially thankful for pleasant surroundings such as were afforded us yesterday.

Accounts from all quarters show that the love for the day and for the faith which it represents is growing stronger rather than weaker. The Christ of the scriptures and of the ages continues to be the Christ of the people, in the face of all rivals and of all calumnies. His is the Star that rose in Bethlehem which will never cease to shed its lustre on the world while time and humanity endure. His kingdom enlarges more and more as the years go by, and it is a kingdom of which there shall be no end. The anniversary of its ushering in has now been once more celebrated by the ringing of bells, the singing of merry carols, and grave and reverend discourse from the pulpit and the press. The reports in our local columns are of a nature to enable us to congratulate our readers on having enjoyed another Merry Christmas, and wishing them many returns of the day.

THE ADMISSION OF UTAH.

There is now little or no occasion, such as formerly existed, for opposition to the admission of Utah as a state. But it is undoubtedly better for the country to unite that territory to Nevada, thus inflicting upon it no harm, while doing away with the most flagrant injustice known to our history relating to statehood. And most people who consider the best interests of the greatest number will agree with the Springfield Republican, which declares that the bill which Senator Proctor of Vermont has introduced in the Senate, making the admission of Utah conditional on a union with Nevada, should pass; but adds that the proposition will not be popular in either the territory or the state. The Utah people will not like it, because they feel fully able to sustain the dignities and responsibilities of statehood by themselves, and the Nevada people will oppose it because Utah would be the dominant power in the new state. Stewart and Jones would find their nice little pocket borough destroyed, and be forced to contend for their seats with men who do not live in San Francisco, and who would be really representative citizens of the new state.

Of course the passage of such a bill, and insistance upon it, would in a measure undo the great wrong committed in the supposed interest of a party when Nevada was voted into the Union. It would be in effect the wiping out of Nevada, for Utah has four or five times its population. If the union is brought about it must be by annexation and not by any surrender of state rights on the part of Nevada. Such surrender could only be made by the consent of the people of Nevada, who in turn live and move with the consent of a few mining kings whose will is law.

HAWAII AS A REPUBLIC.

The rumor comes from Hawaii that the islands will probably be constituted an independent republic, now that all hope of annexation has vanished. If the leaders of the revolution will proceed in this direction they will doubtless have the hearty sympathy of every genuine American citizen. It is true that the territory and population are limited, but they are sufficient, and as a sister republic our own government can well afford to lend a helping hand in case of need. The Monroe doctrine could be made to cover these islands, as it did, at first, the continent, and it should be revived and made effective.

Such a republic in mid-ocean would be an interesting member of the great family of nations. Its chief peril would come from the fact that so much of the soil is owned by men like Claus Spreckels, and so many of the working people are Asiatics of the lower class and such as have very little conception of the value of true freedom. A republic with a portion of its people free and another portion slaves is an anomaly and an absurdity. The experiment was tried here under the most favorable conditions, and proved a failure; and that, too, at a fearful cost. If Hawaii moves at all, she should be a republic in fact as well as in name, which would doubtless be the case, since the leaders in the movement are men thoroughly impressed with not only the best American feeling as derived from the early New England missionaries and traders, but a general love of liberty.

REFORMING THE POLICE.

Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, like reformers in general, is subjected to much ridicule, and but few men are prepared to endorse all his methods of procedure. But he is, nevertheless, accomplishing an important work. His attacks upon the police for unfaithfulness, and in some cases for collusion with criminals have produced a marked effect upon the whole force. Some of the officers have been brought to the bar of justice and others are in a fair way of being obliged to give an account of themselves and answer to charges.

Dr. Parkhurst does not content himself by simply making charges against officers of the law. He proceeds to the collection of evidence, and when the proofs are in hand neglect to act on the part of the police captains is followed by a formal complaint, which brings the whole subject before superior officers and the general public. It is a shame that the necessity exists for such action on the part of a private citizen, but it is not denied or even doubted that it has in many sections of the city become a necessity if law and order are to be preserved. And so Dr. Parkhurst is receiving substantial support from many of New York's best citizens, as well as being subjected to the jeers and curses of the worst class.

And so the Fall River mills paid last year $1,622,000 to their owners in the shape of dividends, which is about eight per cent. on the capital stock. In the light of such a statement we may well ask what good reason existed for the cutdown in wages, stoppage of the factories and general wail of distress that proceeded from that city. It looks at this distance, and Newport is not far away from Fall River, as if the splendid contribution to the calamity howl proceeding from that quarter had very slight basis in matters of fact, but the distress paraded before the country must have been largely artificial and wholly prospective. It was like the outcry of the patient before the surgeon's knife had touched him, and when in reality there was no knife to be applied.

Some of the newspapers are quoting the fact that there has been a falling off in the tariff revenues as proof that the Wilson bill is a bad one. They seem to forget that the taxes gathered are according to the McKinley schedule, and that no change whatever has been made in tariff laws since President Harrison's administration expired. There is nothing so convenient as a short memory when it would be inconvenient to have a long one.

It is said that the General Electric Company is likely to make its industrial headquarters at Schenectady instead of Lynn, which if true will be unfortunate for the old Massachusetts town. But the report goes on to say that the Lynn plant will not be removed, as with returning good times there will be work enough for both places, though at present the Schenectady shops can meet all demands of the business.

Now that William Clark Young is dead, the oldest living graduate of West Point Academy is said to be General George S. Greene, who was born in 1801 in Rhode Island, and who went to the front in 1861 as colonel of a New York regiment, notwithstanding his age, and served until Lee's surrender. Our little state is always glad to be represented in military affairs by the Greene family.

It is denied that John D. Rockefeller has contributed another million to Chicago University, which leads an exchange to say: It appears that Mr. Rockefeller does not exactly intend to lath and plaster this estimable Chicago institution with gold bars and green backs. Chicago will be pained to learn this.

It is said that the Republican "boss" of New York met ex-President Harrison in the corridors of the Fifth Avenue Hotel but failed to recognize his presence. A good many people will love Mr. Harrison all the more for having made Platt his enemy.

It is reported that mill men and others are contributing large sums of money for the defeat of the Wilson tariff bill, which proposes to distribute the benefits of protection among other people as well as themselves. They should not be too selfish.

The Philadelphia Times says: "Instead of patriotically recognizing this to be the land of the red, white and blue, the calamitist insists that everything looks blue." And that is not all; he is doing his best to make everything blue.

The Hawaiian war is over, except in the newspaper offices and the political back shops, and even there a truce is likely to be established at an early day.

The skater should see to it that he has a thick coat on his back, and that the pond has a thick coat under his feet.

The Westerly Sun is of the opinion that Mr. Van Alen is a much greater man than Wayne MacVeagh.

The Boston Herald pronounces Christmas a day of peace and glory in Boston and vicinity.

And now, for variety's sake, a cold wave is coming upon us.

WHAT THEY SAY.

Congressmen Boutelle and Blair are the leaders in the attack on the Hawaiian policy of the administration in the House. It will thus be seen that the peril to the administration is not great.—[Springfield Republican.

Anarchists should be allowed to exist in this country only behind prison bars. The mere admission that they are such is an acknowledgment of treason to the government. In all monarchial countries the punishment of treason is death. In America it should be sufficiently severe to stamp out the evil.—[Lowell Sun.

We have business men in Massachusetts who are perfectly willing to have their raw material free, but object to allowing foreign competition in the articles they may manufacture. All such people are willing that the tariff should be fixed exclusively for their own benefit. As for the consumers of manufactured articles, domestic or imported, no matter about them.—[Boston Transcript.

Ex-President Harrison declares in an interview that in the way of candidates for the Presidency he has not given the matter a thought, so far as he is concerned personally. Evidently Governor McKinley's Cleveland conference has nothing disturbing about it, and doubtless Mr. Harrison views the matter in the same light that other harmless things may flicker. McKinley, nevertheless, is very much in earnest. He is rushing the platitudes on the problem of general poverty line, and every speech is dolorous and deep in sighs and glooms produced by the effects of his own bill, but effects which he refuses to see.—[Philadelphia Times.

In Iowa they don't deal quite so gently with tramps as do we of New England. At Oskaloosa a general round-up was made this week by citizens and police, and was resisted with bullets by the tramps. The tramps were worsted, and the citizens are now organized for the purpose of making that town an undesirable stopping place for those people who prefer begging to work. Housing and feeding this class of humanity is not charity; it is a premium on indolence, and we are glad to see the people of a one section of the country have the courage to deal with the subject in a practical manner.—[Woonsocket Call.

CAN ANOTHER JURY BE FOUND?

Two physicians have reported to Judge Barrett that Juror Low, who was stricken in the jury box during the trial of Dr. Henry C. F. Meyer, is insane and will not be capable of resuming his place. This means that a new trial must be had, a new jury obtained, and the county forced to undergo an additional heavy expense. Considering that the first jury was found only after seven hundred talesmen had been summoned and nearly four hundred of them examined, and the additional publicity given to the case by the first trial, it is hard to tell how long it will be before twelve more men will be found to sit in judgment on the accused murderer of Ludwig Brandt. They must be unbiased, must have formed no opinions about the matter which testimony could not remove, must know none of the lawyers on either side, must not be insured in any of the four companies which Meyer tried to defraud, nor must they know any one connected with these institutions; they must have no prejudices against circumstantial evidence, and they must believe in capital punishment. If it was hard to find a jury in the first instance, how much more difficult will it be now, after all that has been published about the trial which is now a non-trial.—[New York Herald.

STUDYING A NEW PART.

In the study and preparation of a part, what a myriad of sensations and emotions the actor goes through; what elation and depression, what exaltation and despair he experiences between the inception of a role and its delivery to his public at the first reading of the play and his trying to "see himself" in the part he is cast for, or at the re-reading of the part when he has it in manuscript form. The emotion is only different in degree, as the part may be a small one or a great one. Actor committing it to memory (the very smallest portion of the study of a part) comes the real study of it, the shaping and composing it, making himself, his personality, and perhaps his peculiarities, if he have them, consonant with the role, and fitting himself into the part so that he shall be what the author designed—now elaborating and then repressing and curtailing, accepting, or rejecting mental suggestions, and making, from an adumbration, a perfect picture; in short, going through all the travail of making a part. For, with all credit to the author who gives him the character, it is the actor who makes it animate. That is the real life of the actor away from the footlights, where his emotions and sensibilities are brought into play.

When the part he has struggled and fought with, cajoled and anathematized by turns, during the study of it, is presented to his public, it is then complete and a finished thing with the rest of the play. But what days and nights has he had before that *premiere!* From the beginning of the study of a part (and the feeling is more tense the more important that part may be) until the playing of it, the actor and the character he is studying are never apart.—[John Drew, in Scribner's Magazine.

THE PEACE OF THE SCHOOL.

The religious training of children is not a matter with which government can concern itself. Safety for the American system of popular education can be secured only by absolute non-interference by the church with the public schools, and by absolute non-interference by the government with church schools. The people should see to it that not one dollar raised by taxation is applied in any way to the support of schools maintained or controlled by a church. They should not tolerate any intermeddling, directly or indirectly, by the churches with the public schools. They should stand firmly by the principle that it is the right of government to provide for the education of all the children of the people, leaving the religious training of children where it belongs—to parents and to churches. The common schools of America are nurseries of patriotism. They are little republics, in which all are equal before the law. It behooves all who love this country to protect the schools against attack, from whatever quarter it comes. Enmity of the American system of popular education is enmity of our free institutions.—[Justice Harlan.

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose etc.

Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Economy in their use. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

Bunnir Rubber Stamps —AT— THE BIJOU.

A Few Calendars left; will close out cheap.

THAMES AND 1 CROSS STREETS.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26, 8 A. M.—For New England and eastern New York—Fair Wednesday; much colder Wednesday morning; northwesterly gales.

NEW ENGLAND WEATHER.

BOSTON, Dec. 26, 8 A. M.—Local forecast for New England until Wednesday night—Fair weather; colder; northwest and north winds, diminishing in force.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

Dec. 26,	8 A. M.	12 M.	2 P.M.
Temperature,	31	34	32
Barometer,	29.74	29.91	29.99
Wind,	N	NW	NW
Weather,	Cloudy	Clear	Clear

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 26.

Sun rises ..... 7 h. 13 m.
Sun sets ..... 4 h. 18 m.
Moon rises P.M. ..... 8 h. 37 m.
Length of day ..... 9 h. 05 m.
Day's increase ..... 0 h. 01 m.
High Water, 10 h. 36 m. A. M.; 11 h. 02 m. P. M.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27.

Sun rises ..... 7 h. 13 m.
Sun sets ..... 4 h. 19 m.
Moon rises P.M. ..... 9 h. 52 m.
Length of day ..... 9 h. 06 m.
Day's increase ..... 0 h. 02 m.
High water, 11 h. 27 m. A. M.; 11 h. 50 m. P. M.

Moon's Phases.

Last Quarter, Dec. 29, 6 h. 18 m., P. M., E.
New Moon, Jan. 7, 10 h. 07 m., P. M., W.
First Quarter, Jan. 14, 7 h. 07 m., P. M., W.
Full Moon, Jan. 21, 10 h. 12 m., A. M., W.

NEW TODAY.

(NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS ARE LISTED HERE.)

Wanted—Boy; 4th page.
There Was a Time; 3d page.
Books at a Bargain; 4th page.
Gas Light Co.—Meeting; 4th page.
Exhibition of Madonnas; 5th page.
The Bee Hive—Cut Prices; 8th page.
The Bijou—Rubber Stamps; 4th page.
J. H. Barney, Jr., & Co.—Notice; 5th page.
Wanted—Situation as Seamstress; 4th page.
Boston Grocery—After Christmas; 6th page.
Seabury—Russia Grain Bluchers; 7th page.
Wanted—Situation for Housework; 4th page.
Aquidneck Nat'l Bank—Dividend; 4th page.
N. O. P. C. Co.—Look for Bargains; 4th page.
Miss L. P. Stanhope—Drawing, etc; 2d page.

A. P. BAKER.

FOR SALE—Cottage on Lee avenue, large enough for two families.

TO LET—A suite of rooms on Thames street, over the store of W. C. Langley & Son.

An unfurnished cottage at moderate rent on Whitfield court.

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF
Newport Gas Light Co.,
187 Thames Street.

Newport, R. I., Dec 26, 1893.

THE ANUNAL MEETING of the stockholders of this company for electing directors will be held at this office on MONDAY, JANUARY 8, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A. E. QUINN, Treasurer.

Aquidneck National Bank.

Dividend No. 54.

FOUR PER CENT. payable on and after January 2d 1894.

CHAS. T. HOPKINS, Cashier.

Newport, R. I., 26th December, 1893.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

138 Pieces, $8.50.

In addition to my large assortment of Christmas Goods, I have just opened a large lot of

Decorated Dinner and Tea Sets

At the extremely low price of $8.50.

Please call and examine these goods before purchasing. I have also bargains in

SILVER PLATED WARE

James F. Marden,

328 THAMES STREET.

WE HAVE SOME BEAUTIFUL

INLAID MAHOGANY TRAYS

Also large assortment of

Chairs, Tables, Desks, Music Racks, Hall Stands, etc.

Call and examine our stock.

J. W. HORTON & CO.,

42 CHURCH STREET.

No. 1021.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, at the close of business, Tuesday, December 19, 1893.

RESOURCES.	DOLLARS.
Loans and discounts	178,514 33
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	181 92
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	120,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	50,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.	5,000 00
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	12,000 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	101 17
Due from State Banks and bankers	15,745 80
Due from approved reserve agents	17,494 78
Checks and other cash items	1,782 09
Notes of other National Banks	2,241 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	152 70
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie 6,200 00	
Legal-tender notes 19,867 00	26,067 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	5,400 00
TOTAL	435,178 90

LIABILITIES.	DOLLARS.
Capital stock paid in	120,000 00
Surplus fund	60,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	9,225 71
National Bank notes outstanding	101,465 00
Dividends unpaid	720 00
Individual deposits subject to check	97,661 47
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,862 13
United States deposits	16,681 14
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	28,193 45
TOTAL	435,178 90

State of Rhode Island, County of Newport, ss:

I, Nath'l R. Swinburne, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NATH'L R. SWINBURNE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of December, 1893.

BENJAMIN MARSH, 2d, Notary Public.

CORRECT—ATTEST:—T. Mumford Seabury, John S. Langley, George C. Carr, Directors.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A Danish girl who speaks English wishes a place as seamstress or to work with some dressmaker. Apply at Box 27, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A lady closing her house for the winter, wishes to obtain situations for her cook and waitress, whom she can recommend. Apply to Box 49 Daily News Office.

WANTED—A place for general housework or to do second work in a small family. Apply Box 48, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A lady leaving Newport wants a situation for her very competent cook whom she can recommend highly. Also recommends chambermaid. Apply at 6 Greenough place

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A bright, active boy about 16 to 18 years of age; must come well recommended. Apply at the Bee Hive.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a family of three; no washing. Apply to Box 51, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A good reliable agent in this city; office work. $75 to $100 per month to the right man. Must be able to carry $100 worth of stock. Address Golden Era, 9 West 14th street, New York city.

WE WISH to employ a few good men to make $50 to $100 a week selling our Home Electric Motor. Runs sewing machines, printing presses, pumps, etc. Everybody buys them. Steady employment. Easy situation and good wages. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio.

NOTICE.

WANTED—Good help and situations furnished; all kinds of work; all kinds of help; all nationalities on hand; girls, men and boys. Situations free of charge.

MRS. JENNY NELSON.

116 Thames street, corner Washington square

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO RENT—To small family, lower tenement on Clinton avenue, near Broadway; five rooms and two attic rooms. Apply to Wm. S. Brownell, News Office.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. Apply at 31 Clarke street.

FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN!

Five dollars ($5) will buy the following list of books:

12 volumes of North American Review (from Aug. '91 to Aug. '92), 1 Claseen's Quantitative Analysis, 1 Teacher's Hand-Book of Psychology, 1 Berliet's Piano Method, 1 Photographic Illustrations of Skin Diseases, 1 Qualitative Chemical Analysis, 1 Deutsche Pharmakopoe, 1 Andrew's Latin Reader, 1 Essentials of Surgery, 1 Simm's Works, 1 The Art of Speech, 1 Elementary Physiology and Hygiene, 1 Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Scenery, 1 English Language, 1 Poems, Whittier, 1 Romeo and Juliet, 1 Organic Materia Medica, 1 First Book in Latin, 1 Butler's Analogy of Religion, 1 Text Book on Rhetoric, 1 Monroe's Sixth Reader, 1 Frank Leslie's Illustrated Weekly for 1873.

Inquire of or address LUTHER THOMPSON, Post Hospital, Fort Adams, R. I.

FOR SALE.

A Good Second Hand Pair Bob Runners.

Apply to J. B. BACHELLER, Commercial Wharf.

FOR SALE.

After Thursday, December 21,

The Stock and Tools

Of the late Thomas S. Burdick at 18 Liberty Block, Farewell street.

PROBATE NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Probate Office, Newport, R. I. December 14, 1893.

All Executors, Administrators and Guardians appointed by the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, having accounts unsettled with said Court one year or more, are hereby notified to render the same before the 30th. day of December 1893, as required by law.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

Administrator's Notice.

RICHARD H. FREEBORN hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed on the Estate of **Thomas J. Lake** late of said Newport deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.

Newport, R. I., December 15th, 1893.

Executors' Notice.

LUCY H. STEWART and Hattie K. Stewart hereby give notice that they have been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executors of the Will of **Sumner M. Stewart** late of said Newport deceased, and that they are qualified to act as such Executors.

Newport, R. I. December 22nd, 1893.

Notice of Executrix.

ANNIE M. BURDICK of Newport, Rhode Island, hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executrix of the Will of **Thomas S. Burdick** late of said Newport deceased, and that she is qualified to act as such Executrix.

Newport, R. I. December 15th, 1893.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 18th. day of December A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ELLA R. SHARP, Administratrix on the estate of **Joseph Sharp**, late of Newport, deceased, presents her first and final account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded and for an order of distribution of the balance in her hands as such Administratrix, among those who are legally entitled thereto.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 8th. day of January 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 18th. day of December A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

LEWIS L. SIMMONS, Administrator with the Will annexed on the estate of **John Alger**, late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 8th. day of January 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 18th. day of December A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN S. LANGLEY, Administrator on the estate of **Hannah M. Warmsley**, late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 8th. day of January, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

Executor's Notice.

LEWIS L. SIMMONS hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executor of the Will of **Mary James** late of said Newport deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Executor.

Newport, R. I. December 22nd, 1893.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26, Wall Street—Opening Prices—Atchison, 13; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 74¼; Cotton Oil, 27; Lake Shore, 128; Louisville & Nashville, 47½; Northwestern, 99¾; Chicago Gas, 61¼; New York & New England, 15¾; Rock Island, 64; St. Paul, 57½; Sugar Trust, 85; Western Union, 81⅝; Manhattan, 132¾; General Electric, 37; Pullman, 163¾.

Noon—Money on call, easy at 1 @ 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3¾ @ 4½ per cent; exchange, steady, with actual rates at 4.89¾@4.90 for 60 days and 4.88 @ 4.87½ for demand; posted rates, 4.85 @ 4.87½; commercial bills, 4.83 @ 4.84 for 60 days and 4.88½ @ ¾ for demand; bar silver, 60; government bonds, steady; 4s, reg., 113¾; 4s, coup., 115¾; railroad bonds, weak. Pacific 6s, 102 bid. A better feeling characterized the dealings at the Stock Exchange between 11 and 12 o'clock, and prices recovered ½ to ¾ per cent. Sugar, however, advanced, 2¾, to 85¾. At noon the market was firm in tone.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.

	Noon.
Atchison	13¾
Canadian Pacific	126
Canada Southern	56¾
Chicago & Alton	151
Chicago & Alton preferred	
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	150
C., C., C. & St. Louis	73¾
C., C., C. & St. Louis preferred	27
Cotton Oil Certificates	85
Delaware & Hudson	127¾
Delaware & Lackawanna	150¾
Denver & Rio Grande	16
Denver & Rio Grande preferred	56
Erie	34¾
Erie preferred	30¾
Illinois Central	140
Kansas & Texas	32
Lake Shore	128¾
Lead Trust	124¾
Louisville & Nashville	47¾
Michigan Central	93¾
Missouri Pacific	36¾
New Jersey Central	41¾
North American	13¾
Northern Pacific	9¾
Northern Pacific First preferred	19
Northwestern	98¾
Northwestern preferred	137¾
New York Central	138
New York & New England	36¾
Ohio & Mississippi	15¾
Ontario & Western	16
Oregon Navigation	15
Pacific Mail	26
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	14
Reading	5¾
Rock Island	78
St. Paul	64¾
St. Paul preferred	72¾
St. Paul, M. & Man	114
Omaha	100
Omaha preferred	34¾
Sugar Trust	112
Sugar Trust preferred	85¾
Texas Pacific	8¾
Union Pacific	6¾
Wabash	10
Wabash preferred	19¾
Western Union	81¾
National Cordage	16¾
National Cordage preferred	49
Duluth	21
Duluth preferred	83
Gen. Elec.	

BOSTON EXCHANGE.

Boston, Dec. 26.

	Noon.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	13¾
Boston & Albany	202
Boston & Maine	141
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	74
New York & New England	16
Old Colony	168
Pullman Palace Car	162
West End Railway	82
Quincy	125
Tamarack Mining Co.	159
American Bell Telephone	191
New England Telephone	51
Gen. Elec.	37
U. S. Rubber	49

A. O'D. TAYLOR.

REAL ESTATE—121 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

[Those who have a little nerve and a little money should now buy real estate in Newport and vicinity. Many properties here as elsewhere throughout the country can under present financial conditions be secured much below the average value ruling over a number of years.]

1. Estate out on Broadway, present rents are $1,000 a year. Unused sites worth about $5,000 for new houses, sell $18,000.
2. An estate on Bellevue avenue, $40,000.
3. A perfectly equipped house in first class order, on a fashionable avenue, $8,500.
4. A country seat for summer, with superb view of Narragansett Bay and with grounds running down to the sea, $15,000.

Office, 124 Bellevue Ave.

BORN.

SALISBURY—In this city, 24th inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Salisbury.

DIED.

CONGDON—In Georgetown, S. C., 24th inst. George R., son of the late William P. Congdon, aged 55 years.

WILSON—In Providence, 25th inst., Samuel Wilson, in his 71st year.

JORDAN—In Providence, 23d inst., Sarah L., widow of George A. Jordan, in her 73d year.

ANGELL—In Providence, 24th inst., Tristam Harris Angell, in his 72d year.

SMITH—In Providence, 25th inst., Anna M., widow of Dr. S. C. H. Smith, in her 82d year.

YOUNG—In Providence, 24th inst., Allen Penis Young, in his 55th year.

ANTHONY—In Providence, 25th inst., Phebe, widow of Alfred Anthony, in her 83d year.

SIMMONS—In Warren, 23d inst., Phoebe P. Luther, widow of Esek B. Simmons, in her 79th year.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 and 324 Thames street. Residence 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

If the life insurance people recommend a remedy it must be something they have faith in. Well that's what they do about Adamson's Cough Balsam. It prolongs life and makes the insurance risk a mere bagatelle.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

Scrofula, whether hereditary or acquired, is thoroughly expelled from the blood by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

Dean's Rheumatic Pills absolutely cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Entirely vegetable. Safe.

No Christmas and New Year's table should be without a bottle of Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters, the world renowned appetizer of exquisite flavor. Beware of counterfeits.

SIMEON HAZARD.

FOR RENT—The lower half of the new house of Henry H. Barker on Bliss Road. It has all the **modern improvements** and is roomy and very attractive.

FOR RENT—The lower half of house 10½ Warner. This is an **admirable tenement** and has been put in thorough order. Price moderate.

OFFICE, 94 BROADWAY.

THE

New Household Sewing Machine,

Which never fails to please.

Can be purchased at the lowest prices at

C. BANNING'S,

57 BROADWAY.

Agency for Old Staten Island Dye House. Established 1819.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

BY TELEGRAPH
To the Associated Press.
SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

LOBENGULA A FUGITIVE.

Major Forbes Reports the Matabeles as Completely Subjugated.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 26.—A despatch received here from Major Forbes, commanding the British forces of the British South African Company, says that the Matabeles have been completely subjugated. It is added that King Lobengula has fled, and that he apparently has no intention of returning.

Steamer Seneca's Cargo Practically a Total Loss.

HAVANA, Dec. 26.—The cargo aboard the New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Company's steamer Seneca, which was scuttled in this port Sunday night, after putting back in fire, will prove an almost total loss. The action of the salt water will cause the hemp on board to rot black, and the cigars, tobacco and sugar are irretrievably ruined. The vessel is insured in the North British and Mercantile Company. The steamer will be raised and as much of the cargo as possible will be saved.

Arrested for a Double Murder.

TORONTO, Ontario, Dec. 26.—William McWhirrell, alias McGuire, a crook with a notorious reputation, was arrested at Woodbridge, a few miles east of here this morning, on the charge of murdering James Williams and his wife, at Port Credit, December 14. The clue which led to McWhirrell's arrest was furnished by John Walker, the younger of the two men who sold the horse and cutter of the murdered couple. He was arrested yesterday and made a clean breast of his connection with McWhirrell, but claimed absolute innocence of all knowledge of the murder.

Fire Losses.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 26.—The clubhouse and all the stables of the Pittsburg Driving Park Association, at Homewood, were destroyed by fire shortly after midnight. Every building on the place was burned, and the loss will probably reach $40,000. The fire was of incendiary origin, as the buildings had been soaked in two places with oil.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 26.—Fire broke out from an unknown cause in the store of L. H. Baumfield about midnight. The damage sustained is $16,000; partially insured. The loss on the building, which is owned by F. T. Underwood, is $20,000; partly insured. Francis Chenowith & Co.'s big hardware store caught fire, and was burning at midnight. A stiff wind was blowing and it cannot be told where the damage will end.

ENGAGED TO A LONDON BARRISTER.

The engagement was announced in New York yesterday of Mrs. Mary Parsons Breeze, widow of William Lawrence Breeze of New York, to Henry Vincent Higgins, a prominent barrister of London, England. Mrs. Breeze was formerly Miss Mary Parsons, daughter of Mr. George Parsons of Columbus, Ohio. Her husband, William Lawrence Breeze, a son of the late James S. Breeze and a brother of James Lawrence Breeze and of Miss Eloise Breeze, died after a short illness, three years ago. Since that time Mrs. Breeze has passed much of her time abroad, with her sister, Her Serene Highness the Duchess de Lynar. Mrs. Breeze is a niece of Mrs. S. S. Whiting of New York and a cousin of Mr. Augustus Whiting, Mrs. George L. Rives and Mrs. John H. Davis, and a sister of Mrs. J. A. Swan.

Mr. Higgins, who is known by his intimate friends as "Harry" Higgins, a man of many attainments, was graduated from Oxford with honors. He is closely connected with Mr Augustus Harris in his management of Covent Garden Theatre. He married in April, 1877, Lady Hilda Finch Hatton, third daughter of the late Earl of Winchelsea by his first wife, Lady Constance Paget, second daughter of the second Marquis of Anglesey. Lady Hilda died in Paris last February. She was a cousin of Colonel Arthur Paget, who married Miss Minnie Stevens of New York. Lady Hilda was not unknown in New York, having about six years ago visited that city. At that time she was guest of Miss Marion Langdon, now Mrs. Royal Phelps Carroll. Mr. Higgins, who arrived in New York by the Paris on her last trip, has two sons, the eldest about fourteen. No date has been set for the marriage.

MAJOR SMITH AT CHICKAMAUGA.

Major Frank G. Smith, Second artillery, detailed by Secretary Lamont as a member of the Chickamauga Park Commission, and its secretary, in place of Colonel Kellogg, who goes as military attache of the American legation at Paris, is one of the heroic characters of the battle of Chickamauga. He commanded battery I, Fourth regular artillery, in Brannan's division. He had more men killed and wounded than any other battery in that engagement on the Union side, lost no position and no guns, and had no stragglers. His was the only battery that remained on Snodgrass Hill after the break in the Union lines on the second day, and it was the only one there until the arrival of Gordon Granger's troops in the afternoon. When his battery first reached the hill he was ordered by a demoralized major general to follow them in retreat. He positively refused to leave, and continued his fire upon the approaching enemy. The first lieutenant of the battery, who shared these honors with Major Smith, was George B. Rodney, now major of the fourth artillery, stationed at Fort McHenry, Baltimore. Major Smith graduated with honors at the Rensselaer Polytechnic School, and professionally is thoroughly fitted for his new duties.—[Army and Navy Register.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. Fred Clarke, Miss Ellen Hammond and Mr. Archie Clarke left for their homes today, after spending Christmas with friends here.

The Central Baptist Church had an enjoyable Christmas tree at the town hall last evening. Every scholar received a gift of some kind, besides candy and oranges, which were distributed to all the children present. The tree was attractively arranged by Misses Alice Cottrell, Alta Smith, Anna Wright, Josie Pearson and Lizzie Knowles.

A physician was called from Newport this morning, to attend the wife of Mr. George Valles, who has a slight attack of the grip.

Schooner Charles Denport, bound for Newport News from Boston; schooner Matilda Torday, bound to Philadelphia from Salem, and the William R. Briggs, Jose R. Biert, James Ives, American Team and S. S. Hudson are in Dutch Island harbor.

The North Baptist Church held its festival and Christmas tree on Saturday evening. The church was appropriately decorated, the refreshments were plentiful, and the evening was spent in an exceedingly enjoyable manner. Following is the program of the exercises: Christmas address, by Mr. Gorton; prayer, by Mrs. Young; "Merry, Merry Christmas," singing by the school; "Night Before Christmas," by Susan Brayman; "What Little Hands Can Do," song by Lillie and Mattie Young; "Hark the Angels," singing by the school; Somebody's Darling, Amarintha Wright; "Hark, Hark, My Soul," singing by the school; "Night After Christmas," Anna Potter; "A Few Words," Mattie Young; address, Rev. G. B. Smith; "Songs of Joy and Gladness," singing by the school.

LOCAL NOTES.

—The northwest storm signal is flying.

—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Pickford of Boston formerly of this city, were in town yesterday.

—Steamer Puritan will probably leave tonight for New York, to go on the dry dock for repairs.

—Mr. Edward Cozzens of 73 Warner street guessed the number which drew the doll at Mrs. Roddan's store, the Bijou.

—Tugs Harold, George H. Winslow and D. S. Arnott, with tows, and pilot boats America and E. E. Barrett are in the harbor.

—This morning there was a slight fire on one of the gravel scows laid up at Coddington wharf. There was no alarm, and but little damage.

—Late this afternoon Officer Wilcox took William Cassidy to the Police Station. He had become intoxicated and fallen down stairs in a barn on Sherman's wharf. His head was quite badly cut.

—Messrs. George H. Pepple, W. W. Covell and Simon Hart, who arranged for a dancing party in Hamilton's Hall Thanksgiving night, gave another very enjoyable social last evening. Mrs. Pitman furnished music for the dancing, and Master Benjamin F. Downing, Jr., acted as prompter.

—Sunday, while tug Glide, from Fall River, was attempting to dock schooner Marian Hill, lumber laden, at Westport, the schooner grounded on the bar and the tug caught a tow line in her propeller. Captain Delory came to this city to secure a diver, but has decided to have the tug towed here tomorrow by the Aquidneck.

—The busiest place in town yesterday afternoon, between 1 and 2 o'clock, was the store of Mr. Clifford Salisbury on Thames street. Mr Salisbury had a large Christmas tree, hung with presents, in the window, and those who had received checks with purchases of Christmas goods at the store were on hand to receive them. Officers Albro and Moore kept the crowd moving as rapidly as possible, but it took more than an hour for all who were present to secure their presents. A number of tickets are still out, but the gifts for them are ready at Mr. Salisbury's store.

—Martin Geraghty was tried today in the district court, for assaulting Officer William H. Mathewson, Jr., on Dec. 23. He was found guilty and fined $1, with costs, but, inasmuch as it is not customary for anybody to guarantee the payment of fines and costs when a man buys liquor, even under high license, the defendant, like many another victim found himself unable to meet the law' demands. He was accordingly "committed until sentence be performed in all its parts." City Solicitor Sheffield not being in the best of health, was not in court, and the duties of prosecuting attorney were discharged by Captain Garnett.

IN NEW YORK SOCIETY.

We make social history fast in New York. The leader of today was comparatively unknown a decade ago, and the society girl or man of even five or six seasons finds many strange faces at the teas, receptions and even dances of the early season, and oftentimes does not even know the family name of some of the buds. People are seen in opera boxes with others whom they would not have recognized when the Metropolitan Opera House was first opened; and it has been remarked by an old society woman how infrequently such names, identified with the early history of the city, as Schermerhorn, Stuyvesant, Rutherford, etc., are mentioned in the society columns of the newspapers.

One of the most curious evidences of the rapid changes in social life, even within the precincts of the "Four Hundred" themselves, is afforded by the fact that, owing to various causes, the Astor family and connections are almost entirely out of society this season, while the Vanderbilts are in the lead. Even the youthful social historian can recall the mild sensation that was caused in society when it was announced that Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, having called upon Mrs. William Astor, Mrs. Astor, then unquestionably the leader of New York society, had decided to arrange a quadrille to be danced by her daughter and her daughter's friends at the forthcoming fancy dress ball to be given by Mrs. Vanderbilt, and that the grande dame herself would be present at the ball. This was considered to have been a grand *coup* for the Vanderbilt family, and it has been often remarked that while they would, of course, have long ere this secured a leading social position, they undoubtedly first entered as a family into the circle of the "Four Hundred" through the doors of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt's house on the night of the never-to-be-forgotten fancy dress ball. Now we find the entertainments and movements of the Vanderbilts and connections the chief features of interest, discussion and description of the season, and although Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt are still in mourning and Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt abroad, Mrs. William Sloane, Mrs. Seward Webb and Mrs. Twombly, all daughters of William H. Vanderbilt, and granddaughters of the sturdy old commodore, are virtually the leaders of New York society this season.

Where are the Astors? Mrs. William Astor is abroad and in deep mourning for her daughter, Mrs. Roosevelt, but even were she not debarred from society for this sad reason, she must soon, from the limitations of age, lay down the scepter which she has so long wielded. Mr. and Mrs John Jacob Astor, the young couple to whom the social fortunes of the Astor family in this country may be said to have been committed, are also in mourning, and about to start on a long Southern tour. Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, another daughter and son-in-law of the William Astor family, have been abroad the great part of the time for the last few years, and seem to care little for life in this country. Mrs. Coleman Drayton is at home, but there are reasons why she cannot well aspire to social leadership at present. The head of the elder branch of the family, William Waldorf Astor, has, with his wife, taken up a permanent residence in London, purchased a great newspaper and may be considered as an exile from New York. So within ten years the Vanderbilts, who were just entering New York society a decade ago, have risen to its leadership. Is not this making social history fast? The descendants of the young man who was ferrying passengers to and from Staten Island when John Jacob Astor the second was the head, through his marriage with Miss Schermerhorn of the most exclusive and small set of society of New York at that day, have taken the place of the latter's descendants, and the Capulets now occupy the throne of the Montagues.—[New York Commercial Advertiser.

CHRISTMAS.

Observed by Appropriate Services.

Elaborate Musical Programs in the Churches.

Christmas was observed in Newport about as usual, with special music in the churches, appropriate sermons from the pulpits, festivals of various characters, family reunions, a bountiful distribution of gifts to the poor, and an interchange of presents among friends and relatives. There was no need of suffering among the poor, for if the wants of any were made known there were many avenues of relief open among the charitably disposed people, in the churches and the various societies. The weather, while decidedly unseasonable, was nevertheless enjoyable. The warm, spring-like air and the bright sunshine of the morning gave every one an opportunity to go about among friends and relatives, to attend family reunions and to hear their Christmas gifts. It seemed almost too good weather, and many longed for a snow-covered earth and a bracing cold, to add the special qualities which one reasonably expects on Christmas. In many of the churches the Christmas services were held on Sunday, the Protestant Episcopal and Roman Catholic congregations alone having services on Christmas Day. There was no church in which the nativity of Christ was not recognized in some way, and the observance of the day was universal. There were fewer decorations than usual, and none of these were elaborate.

TRINITY CHURCH.

The Christmas services at Trinity were begun Sunday evening, when the monthly choral service was of a nature appropriate to the season. Mr. Irons, the choir master, arranged an elaborate musical program, and a very large congregation was present to hear it. In fact, the church was crowded to its utmost, many remaining standing during the services and many others failing to get within the doors. The principal number was from Handel's "Messiah," the soloists being Miss Bertha Stanhope and Mrs. Irving P. Irons. The organist, Mr. Alfred G. Langley, was assisted by a string sextette, including Miss Jessamine A. Chase, Dr. A. F. Squire and Messrs. F. J. McCloskey, Charles W. Crandall, Robert Cunningham and Thomas Shields. The music was of a high order, and the service has received the warmest praise from musical critics. Holy Communion was celebrated at an early hour on Christmas morning, and at 10:45 A. M. there was a full morning service, with sermon and the celebration of the Holy Eucharist, Rev. Dr. Magill preaching an appropriate sermon from Philippians iv: 6 "Be Careful for Nothing." The decorations were confined to the chancel, reading desk and pulpit. Evergreen was hung about the sounding board and pulpit desk, the font was filled with calla-lilies, and the chancel was prettily trimmed with holly and palms, the effect being exceedingly attractive.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

The first service on Christmas Day was that which began in St. John's Church, on Poplar street, as the bells on the clocks ushered in the day. It was probably the last Christmas on which the little church will be used for such a service, as the new building is expected to be ready before another, and the crowd which packed every available bit of room within the walls, and extended out even to the sidewalk, showed that it is time a more spacious edifice was provided. It was the largest gathering which ever attended the midnight service at this church. The decorations were confined to the sanctuary and choir, which were tastefully draped with evergreens, while the altar was brightened with cut flowers. The lights in the body of the church were shut down to the size of those of small candles, thus bringing out more prominently the brightly lighted sanctuary. The music by the male choir of the church was well rendered and pleased all, including the musicians present. The organist was assisted by Messrs. F. J. McCloskey, violin; J. Green, clarinet; R. Mills, trombone; and E. Boldy, cornet. The services were conducted by Rev. E. L. Buckey, the rector, assisted by Rev. Mr. Schuyler of Jamestown. A very large number received communion at the midnight service. On Christmas morning at 8 o'clock there was a low celebration of communion.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH.

At St. George's Church the services were on Christmas eve and Christmas morning, both being well attended. The decorations were on the same general plan as in previous years, but somewhat more elaborate. The window and door casings and baptismal font in the body of the church were trimmed with evergreens and holly, but it was back of the chancel rail that the chief efforts of the decorators were shown. The sanctuary, choir and altar were finely dressed with green, with calla lilies on the altar and on either side of the reading desk, and the lights within the sanctuary brought out with good effect. The singing by the boy choir, assisted by Mrs. Hill, wife of the organist, and Mrs. Smith of the Pelham quartet, as soloists, was especially good.

CHANNING MEMORIAL.

At the Channing Memorial Church the morning service on Sunday was especially devoted to Christmas, and an appropriate sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Cutter. The space about the organ, choir and desk was tastefully trimmed with holly, illuminated with cut flowers. In the evening the Sunday school had its Christmas concert. The choir assisted the school in the carols, and gave several special selections. Mr. Mason was the organist and Mr. Peckham the musical director. One musical number was a trio, "Andante Religioso," by Talhuret, for piano, organ and violin, by Miss Crandall, Mr. Mason and Mr. John O. Rogers; and another a trio, "Angels' Christmas Song," by Brewer, for violin, soprano and organ, by Mr. Rogers, Miss Gosling and Mr. Mason.

The Christmas festival for the Sunday school of this church was held Saturday evening in the Channing parlors, where, as on many previous occasions, Hon. Thomas Congdon presided and made every one feel at home. Remarks appropriate to the occasion were made by the chairman, Rev. Mr. Cutter and Mr. A. O'D. Taylor, and then Santa Claus made his appearance and distributed the gifts to the children, who afterward had a pleasant time. There was a report that the Santa Claus on this occasion was in private life Mr. A. Manton Chase, but none of the spectators suspected this.

ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH.

St. Joseph's Church looked very nearly green on Christmas morning, the display of strings of evergreen, trees, palms and potted plants being the largest in the city. The gallery rail, gas fixtures and walls and ceiling were all festooned. The altar and sanctuary were dressed with trees and potted plants, and the representation of the crib at Bethlehem, on the St. Gospel side of the altar, was enclosed in a cover of evergreens. From the ventilator in the centre of the ceiling hung an evergreen bell, from the tongue of which depended a white dove. The attendance, especially at the early masses, was very large, and the musical programs at the high masses and vespers were well rendered. Rev. Father Coyle spoke at the two early masses and at vespers, and Father Dowling at the two later masses.

UNITED CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

At the United Congregational Church Sunday morning Rev. Mr. Wallace preached a sermon on the incarnation of Christ. The choir sang "Arise Shine," by Maker; and "Christ is Born," by Whitney. In the early evening the Sunday school held its Christmas concert in the chapel. The program consisted of appropriate responsive readings, carols by the school and infant class, anthems by the choir, and an address by the pastor. The choir's selections, which were well rendered under the direction of Mr. H. F. Brown, were "Behold, I Bring You Good Tidings," by Goss; and "O Zion that Bringest Good Tidings," by Stainer.

EMMANUEL CHURCH.

The Christmas sermon at Emmanuel Church was preached by Rev. Mr. Porter, Sunday morning, before a large congregation, every seat being occupied. The church was festooned with evergreens, the decorations on the windows, chancel and font, being especially noticeable. There were two services on Christmas Day, one at 7:30 and the other at 10:30 o'clock. There were no sermons.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

St. Mary's Church was, as usual, appropriately decorated with evergreens, in trees and festoons, which were appropriately placed about the sanctuary and altar, the latter being further ornamented by a number of extra lights in white and colors, which added to the general effect. On the St. Joseph's side of the altar was placed the usual representation of the stable at Bethlehem, enclosed in a canopy of green. The attendance at all the masses was very large, and, as the pastor, Rev. Dr. Grace, remarked, reminded him of the time before the parish was divided. At the early mass it was a question whether many more could be squeezed within the walls. The attendance at vespers was also very large. The musical program, rendered by the regular choir, was an especial feature of the day, and drew to the church a large number of Protestants. It was very well rendered. Rev. Father Dowling officiated and Father Tully spoke at the 10:30 mass.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH.

At the Second Baptist Church Sunday evening the Christian Endeavor Society conducted a Christmas concert, consisting of singing, readings, and carols appropriate to the season. The reading by Miss Kate Friend was especially well given. Owing to the fact that the church has been recently painted and decorated there were no special decorations.

At the First and Central Baptist and Union Congregational churches the programs of Christmas music announced in Saturday's News were carried out and the pastors preached appropriate sermons. At the First and Thames Street Methodist Episcopal, First Presbyterian and Shiloh Baptist churches and at Touro Chapel appropriate sermons were preached on Sunday. At the morning service at the First Methodist Episcopal Church the musical selections were of an enjoyable character. The opening anthem was "Let Us Now Go Even Unto Bethlehem," by Simper; the offertory, "Say Where is He Born," a trio from the oratorio, "Christus," arranged for female voices, sung by Mrs. Peckham, Miss Fry and Miss Popple, and the closing anthem "Calm on the Listening Ear of Night," by G. W. Foster.

VARIOUS ENTERTAINMENTS.

One of the pleasantest events of the day probably took place at the residence of Colonel George E. Waring, on Catherine street. It was Mrs. Waring's first Christmas in her Northern home, and she observed it in true Southern style. Knowing that there were many children who have no Christmas tree at home, she gathered together about a score of young children from such homes, and entertained them with a tree and refreshments for upwards of an hour on Christmas morning, giving them the freedom of the parlors and treating them as nearly as possible as though they were members of the family. The event was evidently as pleasing to the hostess as to the little ones, who departed with their toys, looking as contented as though Santa Claus had personally visited the home of each.

The inmates of the City Asylum were not allowed to go without some share of Christmas bounty. At noon they were provided with a turkey dinner, and in the afternoon a Christmas entertainment was given them by the members of asylum commission. The affair was in charge of Mr. Fred M. Hammett, Mr. and Mrs. Ira W. Wilbur, the keeper and matron, carrying out the arrangements in a very successful manner. The inmates gathered in the chapel, where a tree, hung with fancy ornaments, candy baskets and strings of popcorn and cranberries, occupied a prominent position. There was singing by several friends of the institution, and brief addresses by Mayor Horton and Rev. Samuel I. Carr, the chaplain, and then the presents, one at least for each inmate, a box of candy, an apple and an orange were distributed. The men were provided with a pound of tobacco and a pipe each, and the women had the candy baskets to help brighten their rooms. At the close the guests inspected the buildings, finding everything in the best possible order.

Eintracht Hall was something more than well filled Christmas evening, when the children of the German residents assembled to attend the annual Christmas tree by Uilfla Lodge, D. O. H. There have been some large gatherings at such events in previous years, and this time, in view of the size of the hall, only Germans and their children were invited, but these were sufficient in number. Mr. A. Ehrhardt acted as Santa Claus and made a success of the part, distributing the presents from the large tree to the numerous children. There was a substantial collation and music by Messrs. Pember and McCloskey, the entertainment closing with dancing by the older ones, who enjoyed the occasion fully as well as did the children. Messrs. C. Hill, P. Schoenizler and John Gant's had charge of the entertainment.

Christmas entertainments and trees for the children will be held this evening by Trinity, Emmanuel, St. John's, Second Baptist, First and Thames Street Methodist Episcopal churches. At Emmanuel the festival will be for the older scholars, the younger pupils having theirs on Thursday.

The Sunday school of the Central Baptist Church has its Christmas entertainment Thursday evening.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of Uilfla Lodge, No. 443, D. O. H., held yesterday, the following officers were elected, and will be installed in January:

Ober Barden—Casper Hill.
Unter Barden—Max Eckert.
Treasurer—Peter Faerber.
Secretary—Karl Faerber.
Ex-Barden—Ernest Bauer.

PROSPECTS OF LOWER CALIFORNIA.

Although it has been called a treeless land, there are fine forests of large extent in the mountains, and timber of good dimensions is obtained; but as yet there are no transportation facilities to make it available. Railroads have been planned, but not built, the government leaving this work to its concessionnaires, who thus far have built them only upon paper. But it cannot now be a matter of very long time until they become a fact accomplished, and with them and easier access to the territory more rapid settlement must follow.

It would not accord with the logic of past events if a certain romance did not still attach to the land and wonderful tales find ready credence. The old Argonauts who long ago brought their hard-won treasures into San Quentin and Colnett and Margarita bay would appreciate the humor of a recent statement in a New York paper to the effect that an American Monte Carlo was about to be established upon the west coast of the peninsula. How lame it would seem to them that men should submit to be plucked by the modern devices of roulette and rouge-et-noir, where they had been wont to make them yield before the pistol and the cutlass!

But the furrows that the farmers are turning afford sufficient answer to this; such honest toil does not go hand in hand with such ventures, and a better future is in store for the land than that it shall become a gamblers' paradise. It is quite possible that winter health and pleasure seekers will gradually monopolize the many inviting nooks along this coast, and that another decade may see here such a resort as Coronado or Del Monte. A drastic change, surely, from the sluggish life that the land has known so long, but one that all the conditions warrant me in prophesying. Climatic conditions do not differ greatly from those which obtain above; perhaps it is a little more dry, a little less humidity in the atmosphere, as one goes south. And it is becoming generally understood that atmospheric dryness is one of the essentials for those who seek a moderate winter climate from considerations of health. There is much of scenic grandeur to attract, for the conformation of the peninsula is such that one is rarely out of sight both of the mountains and the sea, almost never beyond sight of the latter, unless hidden in the deep cañons, and the former are in evidence always both from sea and land. As in the country above, one may here bask in almost uninterrupted sunshine, and enjoy its warmth without the languor of the tropics. And, were the line of political demarcation done away, it would be but a little time before enterprise and immigration would work such a change that to every sense the two lands would seem as one.—[James Knapp Reeve, in January Lippincott's.

Pain Killer

Will quickly cure Diphtheria, Quinsy, Coughs, Colds, and Sore Throat. All druggists sell it.
Perry Davis & Son, Providence, R. I.,
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THE KIND THAT CURES

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New Bedford, Mass.

HOPE HAD FLED!

Chronic Nasal Catarrh!

"People Say it is a Miracle!"

VICTORY FOR DANA'S!

Read this Wonderful Statement, sent us by Church & Hamlin, Pharmacists, Cor. Williams and Pleasant Sts., New Bedford, Mass.:

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.:

DEAR SIRS:—I have had Chronic Nasal Catarrh for many years, and have been a great sufferer. Have had five Physicians who have told me my disease was so bad they could not help me. My throat was so bad I could eat only the softest food for six months. My nose was swollen out of shape. I could not drink two ounces of water at a time without its being forced through my nostrils. My throat was eaten away so badly that one Physician thought I must have a surgical operation. I had given up all hopes of recovery, but through the influence of friends I began using

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA

and with the first bottle began to improve. I have taken three bottles and can assure you I am wonderfully improved, physically and mentally. My throat is all healed. I can eat any hard substance, and people who know me say it is a miracle.

Respectfully yours,
VICTORIA H. JOHNSON.
No. 18 Merrimac St., New Bedford, Mass.

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Fine Note Paper,

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In fancy boxes, for 9c., 31c. and 36c.

Good Commercial Note Paper

5c. a quire.

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Envelopes, 5c. and 10c. a package.

—AT—

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AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, &c.

Opera House.

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The Fellahem or Peasants of Palestine, The Bedouins of the Desert, Life in Jerusalem.

Indorsed by Ex-Gov. Claflin, Bishop Vincent, Dr. Talmage, Dr. Dunning, Dr. J. M. Buckly and many other distinguished divines, both in this country and abroad. These illustrated entertainments will furnish a wonderful opportunity to scholars and all others to see life as it is in the Orient. Tickets will be on sale at Rogers's music store on and after Tuesday, Dec. 19.

EXHIBITION OF MADONNAS

For the benefit of the Medical Missions,

At the residence of Mrs. L. D. Davis, 24 High Street,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

10 to 12 A. M., 3 to 6 and 7 to 9 P. M.

Admission 30 cents.

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To buy that

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that you know your friend wants. What happiness a piano would bring into the home. Think of it. For your friend learning the violin we have some beautiful Violin Scarfs. Every piano student needs a Music Roll, and we have a fine lot of them. Large Music Boxes at cost. Fine Banjos and Guitars. All substantial and useful presents for the holidays.

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White Onyx Clocks,

FRENCH MOVEMENTS,

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Only $20 and $25,

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OTTO RUECKER'S,

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Administrator's Notice.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administrator de bonis non with will annexed on the Estate of Avis C. Mumford late of said Newport deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.

Newport, R. I. December 23rd, 1893.

BY TELEGRAPH

To the Associated Press.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

LICENSE REVOKED.

Monmouth Park Racing Association Without Legal Standing.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—A special to the Tribune from Trenton, N. J., says that the fact just leaked out yesterday that the license of the Monmouth Park Racing Association had been revoked by the township committee of Eatontown on August 7 last. Yesterday Benjamin F. Lee, supreme court clerk, received the return of the township committee to the last writ of *certiorari* of Monmouth Park. Besides the minutes of February 27, 1893, granting the license to Monmouth Park, and the minute of March 9, 1893, fixing the license fee at $5,000, it contains also this record: At a meeting August 7, 1893, Resolved—That the license granted to Monmouth Park Association on February 27, 1893, be and the same is hereby revoked, cancelled and set aside.

Another Chapter in an Arkansas Tragedy.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Dec. 26.—Another chapter in the tragedy which occurred here on the 9th was enacted yesterday. Mrs. Peter Garrett, who was shot in the arm, died at an early hour yesterday morning, from the effects of the wound. Mrs. Garrett was the fourth and last person shot by young Patrick before he killed himself. Mrs. Tucker, the mother of the murdered woman; Mrs. Hendricks, Mrs. Garrett and Mrs. Patrick, mother of the murderer and suicide, are very low from the effects of the shock caused by the tragedy.

La Bretagne's Rough Voyage.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—The passengers on steamer La Bretague, which arrived last night, had a pretty rough time on the voyage. Gales from the west and northwest piled up such a heavy sea that the staunch liner was at times almost on end. At one time the capital of the steam register blew off, and for six hours the ship was obliged to lay to in the trough of the high sea, until repairs could be made.

Fatal Quarrel Over "Craps."

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., Dec. 26.—During a quarrel over a game of "craps" at a country church south of the city Sunday night Manuel Taylor shot and fatally wounded John Howell. Taylor has not been arrested.

BOSTON'S PROPOSED SUBWAY.

The subway which it is proposed to build through Tremont street, Boston, will consist of a trench fourteen or fifteen feet deep, wide enough to contain four parallel tracks, and covered over with a roof upon which the pavement will be laid. There will be no openings upon the surface of the street, which will look just as it does now, except for the absence of railroad tracks and cars. The subway will be lighted by electricity, and, if it is found necessary, will be ventilated by fans at each end, as is done in the new Baltimore tunnel. It is thought by some engineers that the cars moving through the subway, acting in a measure like so many pistons, will furnish sufficient ventilation without the use of fans.

The cars which run on the surface in the outlying districts of the city will enter and run through the subway, so that no change will be required. They will doubtless make stops every two or three blocks, where the passengers leaving the cars may either enter the basements of the stores or go up a stairway coming out on the street. The height of the stairs will be much less than those of the elevated railroads of New York and Chicago, for the reason that the ascent need be only as much as the height from the floor of the car to the roof, with a few inches for clearance at the top, plus the thickness of the covering of the subway, making a total of twelve or fourteen feet. The electricity can be taken from the trolley wire either at the side of the cars or beneath them, instead of from above, as is done in the open streets. Every inch that is possible should be saved in the height of the stairways.

The proposed subway will differ from all tunnels or subways heretofore constructed in that it will be light, bright, well-ventilated and architecturally attractive; these features being rendered possible by the use of electricity as a motive power instead of steam. The principal objection to the underground railways in London is caused by the smoke and gasses of combustion, which vitiate the atmosphere and make the tunnel dark and dirty. It has been proposed that the walls of the Tremont street subway be constructed of vitrified or porcelain brick, and that additional sidewalks be built beneath the surface, from which entrances may be obtained to the basements of the stores. Should this be done, it will afford an opportunity for show windows opening upon the subway, which, brilliantly lighted, will prove an attractive feature of the plan, and in effect will add a new story to all the buildings along the route. The subway will be comparatively warm in winter and afford a grateful coolness in summer.

The mayor's suggestion, which is approved by a large body of representative citizens, is to have only two tracks enter the subway at or near the junction of Tremont and Pleasant streets, and to have all the tracks coming to Park square enter a branch of the subway to be built under the Boylston street mall. The subway would then contain four tracks from the junction of Tremont and Boylston streets to the exit beyond Scollay square, thus rendering it possible to remove all the tracks from the surface. The subway act wisely leaves the location of the exits from the subway, by which the cars will emerge to connect with the surface tracks, to the judgment of the subway commissioners. It provides that the subway shall extend through Tremont street "from a point or points at or near the junction of Tremont and Pleasant streets to Scollay square, and may continue through Court street or other streets and lands near Scollay square to a point or points where, in the judgment of said board, a suitable and advantageous exit to connect with surface tracks may be obtained." Under this act the subway might be continued well down toward the northern stations, if in the judgment of the subway commissioners it should seem best. The mayor has stated that in his opinion the cost of the subway would be less than the expense of widening Tremont street, but the advantage of the subway in the way of accommodations to the people would be far greater than doubling the width of the street, for it would make a two-story street and segregate the traffic, placing the street cars in one portion of the street and the travel by vehicles in another, so that they could not possibly conflict with each other.

In some of the old cities of Europe busy streets may still be seen without sidewalks, the pedestrians being mixed indiscriminately with the vehicles. The result, of course, is a detention of carriages, which are unable to proceed faster than a walk, and a danger to foot passengers. A division of the foot and carriage traffic by the adoption of sidewalks is an advantage which is clear to everyone. A further division of the traffic, by placing street cars in a lower story of the street, where they cannot possibly conflict with the vehicles, or run down foot passengers, and where they may proceed much more rapidly than upon the surface, is obviously as advantageous in its way as the construction of sidewalks in order to separate foot passengers from the vehicles.

SCREEN PHOTOGRAPHY IN COLORS.

As has been known for some time, the primary colors of the spectrum, red, blue, and green, when combined, produce white light. The utilization of these colors in reproducing photographs in the colors of nature has been proposed and demonstrated by Mr. Fred. Ives of Philadelphia. His method has been lately improved by an optician of New York, Mr. R. D. Gray. He follows out the usual method of taking pictures for color reproduction, by first taking in the camera, on an orthochromatic plate, with a red screen between the lens, a picture in which all the light values of the blue and white rays are excluded, allowing only the color values of the reds in the subject photographed to be reproduced. In making such a photograph, which takes the longest time, he usually has the lens stopped down to f-8 and gives an exposure of three minutes. He then takes another negative with the camera in the same position, in which nothing but the green of the object photographed has any effect on the plate. Still retaining the camera in the original position he third negative is taken in the ordinary way with white light, or without any tinted screen behind the lens, which represents all the value of the blue and white rays that emanate from the object. After these negatives are once made, it is simply a matter of ordinary photography to reproduce from them lantern slides or positives.

It should be mentioned that the lantern consists of three objectives and three condensers, in front of which is placed a blue glass, in another a red glass, and in another a green glass. These three optical systems are illuminated by three separate jets of lime light, or instead of lime light the electric arc light may be used.

To project the three separate positive pictures in a lantern, he has a square light wood frame divided into four compartments or four apertures, and he uses three of these apertures for holding the plates, and his method of aligning the respective plates with the lantern is somewhat ingenious and practical.

One of the most difficult problems connected with this system of projecting the color pictures upon the screen is to make them exactly coincide, and Mr. Ives had great trouble in doing this when he made a public exhibition, but Mr. Gray has perfected a very simple and ingenious device for bringing each picture into the proper alignment. He first takes one plate and secures that in one division of the lantern slide frame, and places it in the lantern; he then takes the second plate and places that in the second division of the frame, and then applies his adjusting attachment. One person stands at the lantern and one at the screen. The operator at the lantern then operates the adjusting screw until the position of the plate is such that the person at the screen decides that the two images coincide. The third plate is similarly adjusted in the lantern slide frame by a duplicate adjusting device. The whole is then removed from the lantern and each plate is sealed in position, so that, for that particular lantern, this lantern slide frame is all ready for use and will always register accurately upon the screen. The positions of the pictures in the lantern frame correspond to the colored screens through which they were originally made.

As a result of this method it is a very simple matter to place picture after picture in the lantern and run them through the same as an ordinary lantern, and Mr. Gray claims that while others have only shown a few slides made for color projection, he has been able to produce a large number.

Having thus perfected the minute detail of adjusting the pictures and the apparatus for showing them, it was very easy and simple to project them on the screen, and the marvelous beauty and delicacy of the combined colors in showing the various color in the pictures was surprising and most pleasing, and gave one a more adequate idea of the beauty of the landscape than an ordinary monotone photograph. In pictures of autumn foliage the delicate reds and yellows would appear to great advantage, in photographs of distant mountains the azure blue of the sky covered with scattered white clouds appeared with most natural effect, contrasting finely with the snow-capped peak and the brown and green foliage below, and in portraiture the color of the skin, the clothes and accessories were most admirably reproduced. The red and green in a watermelon picture were capital.

In using the lime light, when colors are combined, before the insertion of the slides, the appearance of the screen is white, with a slight tinge of blue. It is supposed that if the electric arc light is used in place of the lime light a still better result may be obtained.

The success of Mr. Gray in demonstrating the practicability of projecting photographs in colors is certainly an advance in this line of work. We believe he has applied the same principle to the reproducing of colored photographs in printing inks.—[Scientific American.

EARLY MARRIAGE CUSTOMS.

From remote times brides have been the prize of the most daring, and marriage by capture has more or less prevailed in some part of our little globe from the time when the artful Romans, ignoring the laws of hospitality, seized upon the ripe charms of their Sabine guests, nor waited for the decree *nisi* to be pronounced absolute before asserting their new prerogative; and from this enforced alliance sprang the conquerors of the world. The Esquiman of today, having once established his manhood by killing a polar bear unaided, is sent forth by his kindred to seek a wife, and the first girl he can surprise unawares he seizes, and, in spite of her screames and struggles, endeavors to carry off. This proving no easy feat, owing to the substantial proportions of the Esquiman belle, together with the enormous weight of her clothing, an exciting race occurs; the lady, darting among the aroused neighbors, dodges her suitor in the crowd, which eagerly assists her, and it is only after he has succeeded in catching her the third time that he is permitted to lead his blushing and excited bride to the hymeneal altar.

The Australian aboriginee adopts a more summary process when weary of a single life; he looks about for a partner, and, finding one to his liking, stalks her, and, watching his opportunity, stuns her with a heavy blow, and carries her off to her new home, where, it is to be hoped, on her return to consciousness his after-tenderness makes some atonement for his somewhat rough and ready mode of wooing.

In parts of India, the winning of the bride depends upon fleetness of foot, a circular course being marked out, half of which is traversed by the maiden (encumbered only by a waist-band) before the lover is allowed to start in pursuit, and if he does not succeed in capturing her before she has thrice completed the circuit, he loses his prize.—[Frank Shelley, in January Lippincott's.

"A snake in the grass" is all the more dangerous from being unsuspected. So are many of the blood medicines offered the public. To avoid all risk, ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and also for Ayer's Almanac, which is just out for the new year.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

TURKISH BURIAL CUSTOMS.

There are burial-grounds attached to many of the mosques, picturesque little places filled with diminutive graves and irregular tomb-stones and thickly overgrown with shrubs and rose-bushes. It is not the custom in Turkey to keep graves in repair, and the monumental stones, being tall and slender and generally cylindrical, soon fall out of the perpendicular, leaning in every direction and lending the cemeteries a wild and fantastic appearance. Until Mahmud introduced the fez, the headstones of men's graves were surmounted by carved representations of turbans, but since that time the fez is in universal use, painted scarlet when new, with a blue tassel. Upon the column below the cylinder there is frequently a long inscription, beginning with an invocation to God or a verse from the Koran, and followed by a short account of the dead man's life. The tombstones of women either bear no symbol at all, or, as in the great majority of cases, are surmounted by a sunflower or something in the nature of an arabesque or plant. The inscriptions on them are almost invariably in verse. In very rare instances persons of great importance have very elaborate monuments, which are usually ugly in proportion as they are intended to be beautiful, and like the others are allowed to fall to ruin. In most of these small cemeteries there are narrow, well-kept walks at a lower level than the graves themselves, and contrasting oddly with the wild growth of trees and shrubbery on each side. Persons reputed to have led holy lives are often buried, especially in the country, in solitary graves surrounded by elaborate gratings and covered by roofs or domes, and it is not uncommon to see them brightly illuminated by night with votive lamps, like the tombs of saints in Catholic countries. For Mohammedans not only reverence the memory of the dead, but believe in the efficacy of their prayers and intercessions. It is a common thing, too, to see the shrubs about the graves of saluted personages covered with hundreds and even thousands of scraps of rag, torn by pilgrims from their garments and stuck on the bushes in the belief that the offering will preserve the individual from sickness.—[F. Marion Crawford, in the January Scribner's.

NOTABLE ANNIVERSARIES.

December 26.

1716—Thomas Gray, author of the famous elegy, born; died 1771.
1776—Battle of Trenton and defeat of British and Hessians by Washington's army.
1812—Joel Barlow, author and soldier, died near Cracow, Poland; born 1754.
1831—Stephen Girard, eccentric millionaire and philanthropist, died in Philadelphia; born in France 1750.
1834—Charles Lamb, English humorous writer, died in Edmonton; born in London 1775.
1853—Great fire in New York and famous clipper Great Republic destroyed.
1860—Major Anderson abandoned Fort Moultrie and occupied Fort Sumter.
1886—General John A. Logan died in Washington; born 1826.

1893.

CHRISTMAS

—AT—

Frasch's

We are offering a larger assortment than ever of Christmas Candies, Bonbons, Fancy Boxes, Cornucopias and Tree Ornaments at fabulously low prices.

For instance, we have Candies from 10c. per pound upwards. Chocolate Bonbons from 25c. per pound up.

Our Chocolate goods are made on the premises, of the purest and best material the market affords, and covered with the famous Stollwerck Bros.' chocolate, of Cologne, Germany.

You can buy of us Christmas Boxes and Cornucopias from 2c. upwards. It will pay all who are in need of sweets for the Holidays to give us a call and compare goods and prices.

Our Famous Excelsior Broken Candy at 20c. per pound cannot be beat in this or any other city.

A full line of Plain and Fancy Cake, Ice Cream and Ices always on hand. A liberal discount to Churches and Parties getting up Christmas Trees. Respectfully,

CHAS. F. FRASCH,
170 THAMES STREET.

NEWPORT POSTOFFICE.

Office hours 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 8 to 9 a. m. Money order and registry open 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

Mail Schedule.

Dec. 1, 1893.

NEW YORK AND SOUTHERN—Open, 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 7:30 p. m.; close, 9:30 a. m., 3:50, 7:30 p. m.

WESTERN—Open, 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 6:30, 7:30 p. m.; close, 9:45 a. m., 2:30, 3:50, 7:30 p. m.

FOREIGN—Open, 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 7:30 p. m.; close 9:45 a. m.; 3:50, 7:30 p. m.

BOSTON AND EASTERN—Open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 6:30 p. m.; close, 7:15, 9:45 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:45, 7:30 p. m.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 7:30 p. m.; close, 7:15, 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 2:30, 4:45, 7:30 p. m.

FALL RIVER—Open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.; close, 7:15 a. m.; 12:30, 2:30, 4:45, 7:30 p. m.

NEW BEDFORD—Open, 9:30, 11:30 a.m., 6.30 p.m.; close 7:15 a. m., 12:30, 4:45, 7:30 p. m.

BRISTOL FERRY—Open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; close, 4:45, 7.30 p. m.

PORTSMOUTH, TIVERTON AND LITTLE COMPTON—Open, 9:30 11:30 a. m., 7:00 p.m.; close, 7:30 a.m., 12:30, 4:45 p. m.

SOUTH PORTSMOUTH—Open, 7:00 p. m.; close, 7:30 a. m.

WICKFORD—Open, 9:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m.; close, 9:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m.

JAMESTOWN—Open, 2:30 p. m.; close, 11:30 a.m.

BLOCK ISLAND—Open, *11:30 a. m.; close, †12 m.

Sunday—Mails open 7:30 a. m.; close 5:30 p.m.

*Monday, Wednesday and Friday. †Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Collections from Street Boxes.

Middletown line,	4 00		4 45
Broadway—Whitehall,	4 05	10 00	4 51
Broadway—Howard Ave.,	4 07	10 08	4 54
Warner—Gould,	4 10	10 07	4 58
Broadway—Caleb Kari,	4 13	10 10	5 01
Broadway—Bull,	4 15	10 13	5 04
Willow—Second,	4 19	10 21	5 12
Washington—Elm,	4 21	10 24	5 15
Thames—Bridge,	4 24	10 27	5 18
Washington square,	4 27	10 30	5 21
Thames—Mary,	4 29	10 33	5 24
Spring—Touro,	4 30	10 35	5 27
Kay—Bellevue Ave.,	4 32	10 39	5 30
Kay—Brinley,	4 34	10 41	5 32
Kay—Ayrault,	4 36	10 44	5 35
Rhode Island avenue,	4 39	10 47	5 38
Catherine—Gibbs Ave.,	4 42	10 50	5 41
Beach—Red Cross Ave.,	4 46	10 54	5 45
Catherine—Greenough,	4 48	10 56	5 48
Cottage St.,	4 50	10 58	5 51
Newport Reading Room,	5 00	11 42	6 50
Pelham—Corne,	4 55	11 04	5 55
Spring—Mill,	4 57	11 06	5 57
Thames—Church,	5 00	11 09	6 00
Thames—Pelham,	5 02	11 11	6 02
Business Men's Ass'n.,	5 06	11 15	6 06
Spring—Dearborn,	5 13	11 24	6 15
Thames—Wellington,	5 16		6 20
Bellevue—Narragansett,	5 35	11 30	6 35
Bellevue—Bellevue Ct.,	5 40	11 34	6 39
Bath road,	5 45	11 38	6 44
Bellevue—Pelham,	5 50	11 40	6 47

Sunday collections made two hours earlier than later collection.

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH

Location of Boxes.

3 City Hall.
4 Downing street and Bellevue avenue.
5 Brown & Howard's wharf and Thames street
12 Third and Poplar streets.
14 Thames and Poplar streets.
15 Old Colony Round House, private.
16 Second and Cherry streets.
21 No. 4 Engine House, Equality Park.
23 Marlboro' street and Broadway.
24 Bull and Kay streets.
25 Broadway opposite Bedlow avenue.
26 Broadway and Malbone avenue.
27 Catherine street and Rhode Island avenue
28 Gould and Warner streets.
29 Kay and Everett streets.
31 Police Station.
32 Hazard avenue
34 Mary and Spring streets.
41 Custom House, Franklin street.
42 Levin and Thomas streets.
43 Bath road and Gibbs avenue.
45 Spring and Pope streets.
46 Parker avenue and Annandale road.
51 No. 6 Engine House, Thames street.
52 Bellevue and Narragansett avenues.
53 East Bowery and Freebody streets
54 Bellevue and Bancroft avenues.
56 Bellevue avenue and Ledge road.
57 Coggeshall and Wheatland avenues.
62 Connection and Merchant streets.
163 Beacon Hill.

Fire Department Signals.

FIRST ALARM—Number of either box repeated four times, followed by thirty strokes on the church bells.
SECOND ALARM—2 (1 1) struck after a first alarm.
GENERAL ALARM—6 (1 1 1 1 1 1) struck after either the first or second alarm calls out the whole department.
STILL ALARM—2 (1 1) strokes calls emergency corps.
PRACTICE—1 (1) stroke preceding an alarm from either box indicates that the alarm is for practice, and not for fire.
RE-CALL—3 (1 1 1) strokes after either alarm indicates that the fire is under control and relieves the companies held in reserve.
FIREWARDS' SPECIAL—3 (1 1 1) strokes calls the Firewards to headquarters in special session.
OFFICERS' SPECIAL—1 (1) stroke within thirty minutes after the firewards' special, calls all foremen and assistant foremen to headquart's.
DEPARTMENT SPECIAL—7 (1 1 1 1 1 1 1) strokes within thirty minutes after the firewards' special, calls all the firemen to their respective stations, foremen and bell ringers reporting promptly at headquarters for orders.
TIME AND TEST OF ALARM—1 (1) stroke at 12 M. and 6 P. M.

Police Department Signals.

POLICE SPECIAL—121 (1 1 1 1) calls all policemen not on duty to report at Police Station.

School Department Signals.

Thirteen—(1 1 1 1) strokes at the following hours only, viz:—At 9 15 A. M.—No morning session; at 11 40 A. M.—One session; at 1.15 P. M.—No afternoon session.

General Information.

Keys of the fire alarm boxes are placed with the residents in the immediate vicinity of the several boxes, also with all the policemen.

Key holders upon positive information of a fire in their immediate vicinity (nearer to that box than any other) may unlock the box and if the small gong in the box is not striking, may pull the hook down once, and let go; if the small gong in the box does not immediately respond by striking the number of the box, and the fire alarm bells are not striking, do not hold down the hook or pull it a second time, but proceed promptly to pull the next nearest box, as the failure of the box to respond on either the gong in the box or on the alarm bells would indicate something wrong with the box or circuit, with which the adjacent boxes would not be affected, as they are arranged on separate circuits.

Key holders are instructed that a box must never be pulled for a fire seen at a distance, or their keys entrusted to boys or irresponsible persons.

One stroke of the alarm bells, or two strokes, with an interval between them, only indicates that the alarm is being tested.

The Chief Engineer will use the fire alarm to transmit his orders to the whole department or any details thereof.

The above details, signals, etc., will be observed and obeyed as a general order and will supersede all others on and after March 13, 1893.

JOHN E. LAKE, Chief Engineer.

Special Bargains in Ribbon

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

In Satin, Gros Grain and Watered, in all the latest colors: 5c., worth 8c.; 13c., worth 25c.; 20c., worth 50c.; 38c., worth 63c.

F. N. Dawley, 111 Thames Street.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 3 West Marlboro' street. Office hours from 8 A.M. to 2 P. M.

STORAGE.

Carriages Stored or the Winter at Shanahan's office, Weaver avenue.

GROCERIES.

ESTABLISHED 1814.

Franco-American Soups,

Pickled Little Neck Clams and Mussels, Canned Shrimps, Roast Larks, Whole Ox Tongues, Whole Boneless Hams, Armour's Chicken, Ham and Tongue, New Nuts, Raisins, Citron and Currants, Acme Stringless Beans, Sifted Early Peas, Dressed Asparagus, French Glace Fruits, Florida Oranges, Grape Fruit and Tangerines, Dates, Figs, Malaga Grapes, Plum Pudding, Punch Sauce, Roquefort and Gruyere Cheese, Coffee, Imported Cigars.

C. Sherman & Co.,
243 & 245 THAMES STREET.

Are You Satisfied

That you are buying your Spices as low as you ought, and that they are good and pure? If not, try

James A. Eddy's

SPECIAL OFFER,

For a few days only:

1-2 lb. pure Cinnamon,
1-2 " " Allspice,
1-2 " " Cloves,
1-2 " " Black Pepper,

ALL FOR 40 CENTS

AT THE

Cash Grocery,

377 & 379 Thames Street.

FLORISTS.

EVERGREENS Primroses, Violets, Grass Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, Immortelles, Stevia, etc. Aspidistras, Palms, Rubber Plants. All orders received and delivered before Sunday.
WILSON'S GREENHOUSES, 346 BROADWAY.

NOTICE.

A large lot of Palms, Rubber Plants and a large variety of other plants, just the thing to make many hearts happy, for a Christmas present. Prices very low—50 cents and upwards. Fine cut flowers a specialty. Funeral, wedding and decoration work done A No. 1 and at very low rates.

H. J. HASS,
334 Thames Street.

Connected by telephone.

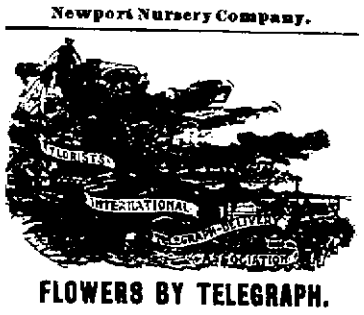
NOT TOO LATE

For putting out Trees, Shrubs, Vines and Herbaceous Plants generally.

We offer Street Trees with straight stems, stocky and thoroughly acclimated and warranted. Also Rosa Rugosa, Hydrangea Paniculata, Lilacs, Snowballs.

Privet for hedges that has been transplanted, cut back and grown so as to make a good hedge 3 to 5 feet the first year. Call or write for prices, etc.

Newport Nursery Company.



FLOWERS BY TELEGRAPH.

We deliver fresh-cut flowers as well as floral designs, in any city of the United States and Canada, and in all the principal cities of Europe at short notice. As members of the Florists' International Telegraph-Delivery Association, we deliver fresh flowers through the best reliable Florists' members in all parts of the world.

Gibson Brothers,
115 Bellevue Ave. | Malbone Road.

Lovell Diamond CYCLES

$115 Strictly High Grade $115

in every feature except the price, fully guaranteed and built on the most approved lines.

MANUFACTURED BY

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO.,
BOSTON, MASS.

C. S. PLUMMER,
Agent for Newport.

YOU CAN GET

Those beautiful, luxurious sofas and chairs, upholstered in hair in the best manner and covered in any material wanted at very low prices. 40 Mill Street. GEO. NASON.

GROCERIES.

Coffee.

If you want the best coffee why don't you buy my 30c. Java and Mocha, 3½ pounds for $1; none better in the world.

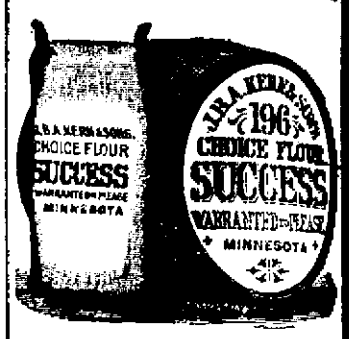
Teas.

If you want the most value for the least money, try my 35c. Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast. There equal cannot be found in the city.

D. E. YOUNG,
130 Thames Street.

Nothing Succeeds Like Success

In making good, sweet bread.



SOLD ONLY BY

S. S. THOMPSON,
LAKE'S CORNER.

After Christmas,

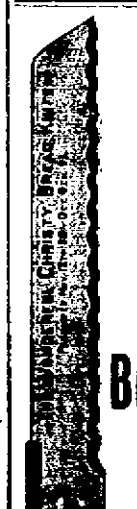
When you have tired of the sight of Turkey, Chicken, and such like, and feel that you want a change and something that will relish, try our Pickled Salmon; they weigh from three to five pounds each, but if you don't want a whole one we cut them and give you what you want; they don't cost but 12 cents a pound and they are sure to please you.

—AT—

THE BOSTON GROCERY,
Smiths New Building, Broadway,
O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

John H. Crosby, Jr.,
BELLEVUE AVENUE,
DEALER IN
FINE GROCERIES.

Fresh and Salt Meats, Vegetables of all kinds, Choice Teas, Pure Spices and Coffees, Butter and Cheese from best Vermont and New York dairies constantly on hand. A large variety of Standard Canned Goods; also a complete assortment of goods usually kept in a first class store.



58 CENTS FOR 3 IN A SET.

THE CHRISTY

Bread, Carver AND Kitchen Knives.

This price holds during this week.

All kinds of Table Cutlery and Carvers.

"H & B." Pocket Cutlery, warranted, every one.
Ladies' Scissors and Shears.

SLEDS AND CARTS.

As a customer says, My stock and prices are out of sight of anything in the city. Why is this? Because I do business 313 days of the year, have something for all seasons, no time wasted, profits are small and sales large, at

Geo. A. Weaver's,
19, 21 & 23 Broadway.

This Morning's News.

CONTINUED FROM SECOND PAGE.

BRUTAL WIFE MURDER.

Mrs. Wilton Kicked to Death During a Family Quarrel.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 26.—Emily A. Wilton was murdered by her husband during a domestic quarrel at their home in Stevens village Sunday afternoon.

For 18 years past the couple had conducted the factory boarding house of Stevens village, and Mrs. Wilton was engaged about the house in preparing the dinner when the deed was committed.

Mrs. Wilton was in the sink room when she called to her husband to aid her in cutting some meat. Wilton went into the sink room from the sitting room, but refused to comply with her request.

Kicked to Death.

Words were exchanged, and Wilton was seen to strike his wife, felling her to the floor. She arose and made tantalizing remarks to her husband. Finally she went into the dining room, and as she passed Wilton, he kicked her. Following her into the latter room the quarrel was continued.

Some five or six minutes elapsed, and then Wilton left the house, saying as he passed through the room where the boarders were that he "wasn't coming back," and bidding them goodby.

Hugh Soraghan then visited the dining room and found Mrs. Wilton lying upon the floor with her head resting against a cupboard door.

About the room were scattered teacups and other articles which Mrs. Wilton presumably had hurled at her infuriated husband.

Wilton Arrested.

After Wilton had left the house he proceeded to the corner of Osgood and Pleasant streets, a short distance away, where the electric street railway track leads to this city.

There he was seen by Samuel Stevens. Salutations were exchanged, and Mr. Stevens drove by. Upon reaching the foot of the court where the Wilton residence is located, Mr. Stevens was met by Soraghan, who informed him that Wilton and his wife had a quarrel, and that he, Soraghan, thought the latter had been killed.

Mr. Stevens deemed it advisable to detain Wilton, and driving back, overtook him walking rapidly toward North Andover village. Upon being questioned Wilton denied having assaulted his wife, but finally admitted that she had thrown teacups at him and that he had struck her.

Officer Toohey shortly afterward gave the startling information that Mrs. Wilton was dead. Wilton was then locked up. Upon learning the effect of his brutality Wilton was overcome and wept like a child.

They Came From England.

Captain John Wilton, the murderer, is well known in the town of North Andover, and derived his title from having once been at the head of old Cochichewick hand tub company of North Andover. He was born in Prestbury, Eng., May 1, 1842, and came to this country in 1872.

Fifteen years ago Wilton and his wife, whom he had married in England previous to his leaving that country, and who had joined him after taking up his residence in North Andover, opened the boarding house in Stevens village.

For a time the couple lived happily together, until the craving for liquor secured its hold upon both, and then the trouble began. Wilton was a powerful man, good hearted and kind except when his temper was aroused.

Mrs. Wilton was born in Yorkshire, Eng., and was 46 years of age. She was quite small in stature, and no match for her husband.

Wilton and his wife had had no children, but an adopted daughter, Florence [illegible], aged 18 years, was a member of the household, and at the time of the tragedy was confined to her bed by illness in an adjoining room.

RUM AND RELIGION

Led to a Lively Fight Which Almost Resulted in Murder.

EVERETT, Mass., Dec. 26.—Rum and religion caused a row yesterday which came near being a serious affair for one of the parties. William Strachan made a friendly call upon an acquaintance of his, Patrick Doherty. After being there a short time Doherty produced a bottle of whisky, and the two men took several drinks. The men began to talk religion. Strachan is an Orangeman and a Protestant, and Doherty a Catholic.

While taking another drink, Strachan remarked to Doherty that he had taken many a drink with Mrs. Doherty when she was alive, she having died some months ago. This remark maddened Doherty, who called Strachan a liar, and Strachan retorted by calling Doherty offensive names. The men then clinched, and Doherty threw Strachan out of the door.

Strachan ran into a wood shed and grabbed a long-handled ax and returned to the house and broke the door down with it. Doherty grabbed a chair to defend himself, and in the melee succeeded in knocking the ax out of Strachan's hands. And then, as Doherty himself expresses it, he proceeded to wipe the floor up with Strachan and finally threw him out of the door again.

The appearance of Strachan at the station house last evening indicated that Doherty must have punished him fearfully, as Strachan was very near a wreck. Doherty was only slightly scratched. Both are large, powerful men. Strachan is married and has a family and resides at 2 Myrtle avenue.

AN OCEAN MYSTERY.

Steamer Seneca Burned by an Explosion and Her Captain Scuttled Her to Prevent Total Destruction.

HAVANA, Dec. 26.—The steamer Seneca of the New York and Cuba Mail Service company, which returned to Havana Sunday morning with fire in the forehold, was sunk in the harbor here yesterday in order to save her.

Saturday when the Seneca was about 70 miles from port on her way to New York, the crew were startled by an explosion. When they reached the deck the vessel was on fire. Immediately the Seneca was headed back to Havana. The crew worked against the fire until daylight. Then being exhausted, they asked Captain Stevens to abandon the ship. The captain commanded them to return to their duty.

Twice this action of the crew was repeated before the steamer got back to the island. The rigging was then ablaze and the efforts of the crew having been unsuccessful in subduing the flames, the order was given by Captain Stevens to sink her. The sea-cocks were opened and the vessel filled in a short time.

She now lies at the bottom of the bay near Havana. Crew and passengers are safe on shore.

The Seneca had a heavy cargo on board, estimated to be worth from $300,000 to $500,000. The bulk of this cargo was in tobacco, cigars and hemp from Mexican ports.

The company's steamer City of Alexandria was burned on the way from Matanzas to Havana Nov. 1 and 11 of the crew were lost. A few weeks ago a dynamite cartridge was found in a sack of coffee shipped in the freight of the City of Washington.

In the case of the City of Alexandria the fire was preceded by an explosion among the freight.

Yields Were Small.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The preliminary statement of the board of agriculture shows that the year's yield of barley is 10,000,000 bushels less than in 1892, although 40,000 more acres were planted there. Of oats there are 6,000,000 bushels less, although 150,000 more acres were planted. The yield of wheat has fallen 9,000,000 bushels and the acreage has decreased 300,000.

Receivership Will Do It Good.

TOPEKA, Dec. 26.—General Manager Frye of the Santa Fe says: "The appointment of the receivers was a surprise to me, and while I don't wish to anticipate the general policy that will be pursued by the receivers, yet I will say that at the end of the receivership the Santa Fe road will be in the best condition of any road in the world."

State Wants Prendergast to Hang.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—All the evidence in the Prendergast trial is in. The jurymen will have two full days in which to ponder over the expert testimony before the attorneys make their speeches. The death penalty will be asked for by the state.

Turner Will Probably Die.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Dec. 26.—In the police court Timothy Cronin, who stabbed George Alfred Turner yesterday morning, was arraigned before Judge Batchelder, charged with an assault with intent to kill. A continuance was granted until Jan. 2, so that the extent of Turner's injuries would be known. The prisoner was held in $1000, which he was unable to furnish, and the was committed to jail. Turner is gradually growing weaker and very little hopes are entertained for his recovery.

Stabbing Affray at Brockton.

BROCKTON, Mass., Dec. 26.—A stabbing affray took place near Arch and Montello streets, John Gracie receiving a bad cut on his left wrist, which severed the main artery. His assailant quickly disappeared. Faint from loss of blood, Gracie staggered into a house near by and was afterwards conveyed to the station, thence to his home. He refused to give the name of the person who stabbed him.

At the Point of Death.

BOSTON, Dec. 26.—Mrs. Ellen Murray, 85 years old, of Tremont street, Brighton, is at the point of death, suffering from an injury to the brain. She left her sister's Saturday night in good health, and Sunday morning her husband reported that she lay unconscious in bed. Investigation showed that she was the victim of an assault. The husband is suspected. She will probably die.

Passed Bad Checks.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 26.—The police of this city arrested for forgery last evening George F. Dodge, aged 21, an adopted son of Rev. John W. Dodge of Newburyport. He is charged with passing forged checks on local business houses. He is the chap who recently operated in a similar manner in Yarmouth and other places.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

A famine prevails in Central Asia.

Mgr. Satolli is to remain in America.

Henry Pettit, the dramatist, died in London.

Rio Janeiro has not been taken by insurgents.

Money is scarce in Chicago to pay city employes.

Pillsbury won the New York chess tournament.

Two men were killed by an explosion in Pittston, Pa.

The Hamilton House, Washington, was damaged by fire.

Chancellor Von Caprivi professes to be tired of his office.

The anti-tax movement has gained fresh headway in Sicily.

A stove foundry in Sackville, N. B., was burned; loss $75,000.

Ex-Justice Walter E. Smith of Brooklyn committed suicide.

Anarchist workshops were raided in Barcelona and Valvidera.

Bank President Willard R. Holmes of Kansas City was arrested.

Timothy McDermott of Brooklyn fatally slashed George Clancy with a razor.

A young Czech was arrested at Prague for assassinating Police Agent Urva.

German trades unions are purging their membership lists of anarchist suspects.

Emperor William and his family spent Christmas in the new palace at Potsdam.

Beatrice Hamilton is to sue the Broadway, New York, Cable Road company for $50,000.

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad has passed into the hands of receivers.

The Sultan of Morocco guarantees indemnity to Spain for encroachments of the Riffs.

There was a deficit of $1,900,000 in the revenue of the Dominion for the fiscal year ending June 30 last.

Governor Mitchell of Florida says he will stop the Corbett-Mitchell fight if he lives to exercise his authority.

John L. Sullivan mixed in a fight between members of his company and spent Sunday in jail at Sandusky, O.

Frank Gordon and H. E. Marra were bound over in the sum of $400 each to the supreme court in Nashua, N. H., for breaking and entering.

At the preliminary hearing in Greenfield, Mass., in the cases of Charles Saunders, colored, and William Thompson, charged with manslaughter, in killing Patrick W. Hayes, both men were held for the grand jury.

The Kind of

medicine
you need is the
old reliable tonic and
blood-purifier,

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

It
can have
no substitute.
Cures others,

will cure you

CHINESE SILVER WARE.

The extraordinary popularity of silver for ornaments in China is referred to thus by the American consul at Amoy: "Silver is to the Orient what gold is to the west. To the artist, the scholar and the collector it is the king of all the precious metals. Its popularity is not due to its cheapness. Jade, which rivals silver in public esteem, is much more expensive than gold. There may be another reason for the small use of gold as an ornament by the Chinese. In designation of rank and title a gold button stands at nearly the bottom of the list. Then, on the other hand, golden yellow is the imperial color, and none but those around the Son of Heaven are allowed to use it for wearing and other purposes." Silver jewelry and curios in China are universal: the poorest coolie's wife has usually silver bracelets and earrings. In curios and bric-a-brac the number of silver articles is legion.

The greatest manufacturing centre is Canton, but Amoy, Foochow, Nanking and Pekin possess artists and guilds whose workmanship is famous all over the empire. One class of designs consists of miniature reproductions of features of daily life, and is adapted for ear-rings and watch charms. Among the most familiar objects are the pagoda, sampan (or native boat), junk, the sedan chair, the small-footed lady's shoe, the Goddess of Mercy, the Celestial Poodle, the King of the Fishes, the sitting Buddha, the dragon, the flying serpent, the begging priest, the tiger, lion, horse, pig buffalo, elephant, turtle, crocodile, monkey, cat and dog. The largest does not exceed two inches in length, and they diminish to dainty little objects no larger than a grain of corn. The work and finish are admirable, the features and hair of the human beings and animals and the scales of fish and crocodiles, being reproduced with the highest care and skill.

Another class consists of imitation cordage. The metal is solid, but the surface is so cleverly wrought out that at first sight each piece seems a rope, cord, or braid. Some are as fine as sewing silk, while others are as thick as clothes lines. The silver is alloyed with a small percentage of copper, to increase its hardness and to allow the fine carving and engraving impossible in the softer substance of pure silver. These silver cords are used for bracelets, anklets, necklaces, belts, sword hangings and horses' harness. Though stiff, they are not rigid, and can be bent in every direction.

A third class comprises household ornaments, such as match boxes, ash cups, joss sticks, bowls, sandalwood urns, plates for opium pipes, button boxes, and so on without end. They are of the same general type and about the same value as those made in America and Europe.

A fourth class includes filigree work and tissues made from fine silver wire, and is marked by the highest skill and beauty. It is, and has been for centuries, a favorite kind of work among the Chinese. There is but little doubt that Marco Polo brought specimens of it to Europe from Nanking, and in this manner added in the after development of the guilds of Italy and France. The designs sometimes are marvelous. One from Foochow consisted of a bouquet, over which was loosely wrapped a silken veil. It was so perfectly made that the veil looked as if it might blow away at any moment. Through its filmsy folds the flowers and leaves were all visible. Another artistic gem was a little bouquet, in which ferns, lilies of the valley and similar botanical beauties were perfectly photographed in metals.

In selling his goods the Chinese merchant in silver ware gives the weight of the metal, its fineness, and its value as bullion, and then as a separate item the cost of the workmanship. Thus, a bill for a pair of corded bracelets was as follows: Silver (4¼ ounces 85 per cent. fine), $4 20 (Mexican); workmanship, $2 15; total, $6.35 (Mexican). The first item is mathematically correct, and can be depended upon as the intrinsic value of the material used in the manufacture.

A philosopher says: "There are three things which a good woman ought to resemble in one particular, but not in another. Thus, she ought to be like the snail, which always keeps in the house, but she should not copy its example in putting all that she possesses on her back. She should resemble the echo, which never speaks unless spoken to, but she ought not, like the echo, always to try to have the last word. Lastly, she ought to be true and correct as the town clock, but she ought not, like the clock, to make noise enough to be heard all over the town."

Hotel Dorrance, Providence, write:

"For cleaning Glass, Brass, Marble, and Paint, it is away ahead of anything else."

Bon Ami

The Modern Cleaner

PROVISIONS.

Turkeys!

A large consignment of fine

ISLAND " " TURKEYS

At very low prices.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER,
346 THAMES STREET.

Phil. Stevens
Groceries and Meats,
48 & 50 Thames Street.

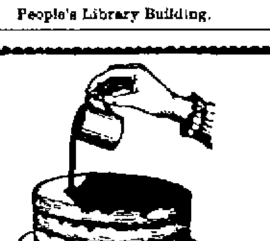
F. B. Coggeshall,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Beef, Veal, Mutton and Lamb.
CURER OF
Celebrated Diamond C Pork Products.
Cor. Washington Sq. & Thames St.

Pondville Creamery BUTTER.

ERNEST BAILEY,
MARKET.
254 Thames Street.

COME TO THE
Family Coal.
A full stock of the best varieties of Red and White Ash Coal. Now discharging,
645 TONS
Lykens Valley and George's Creek Cumberland Coal.
Gardiner B. Reynolds & Co.

HENRY BIESEL & SONS,
Saddle, Harness
— AND —
Trunk Makers.
Repairing in all its Branches.
265 & 268 Thames Street.
People's Library Building.



All You Have To Do
when you make a Cake with
Lang's Readymade Chocolate Icing
is to warm the icing and pour it over the cake. It is prepared with the most scrupulous care from our exclusive recipe, and is better than can possibly be made from cook-book directions. There is no waste; no trouble; little expense. Your cake is sure to be a credit to you. Try it.
Price 25c. per lb. can. At all Grocers.
Lang Chocolate Co., Philada., Pa.
Finest Cocoa and Chocolate Makers.

EVERETT HOUSE
4th Ave. and 17th St.,
NEW YORK.
Centrally located. Overlooking Union Square. Table service a la Carte.
JOHN G. WEAVER, JR., & CO.

OCEAN HOUSE, Newport.
JOHN G. WEAVER, Proprietor.
JOHN G. WEAVER, JR., Manager.

MONTEBELLO
Was the wine used exclusively at the breakfasts, dinners and banquets given by the French people to the Russians. Quarts, $2 50 per bottle, $30 per case; pints, $1.40 per bottle, $32 per case.

GOLDEN AGE
Is the best Champagne produced in this country; it is no cheap Catawba wine charged, but made identically the same as the French wines. Quarts, $1.40 per bottle, $15 per case; pints, 75c. per bottle, $17 per case.

PELEG BRYER & SON,
Sole Agents, Broadway and Spring Street.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MEN'S
Russia Grain Bluchers
$3.50, $5 and $6.
— AT —
Seabury's,
211 THAMES STREET.

RUBBERS
Ladies' High Button Overshoes,
Men's Light Buckle Arctics,
Ladies' Storm Rubbers,
Ladies' Common Sense Rubbers.

SLIPPERS.
Men's Velvet Slippers, 80c, $1, $1.25
Men's Leather Slippers, $1.
Men's Russet Slippers, $1.25, $1.75.

NORMAN,
160 Thames Street.

FINANCIAL.

National Bank of Rhode Island of Newport,
No. 303 THAMES STREET, NEAR THE POSTOFFICE.
The Oldest Bank in the City.
Organized as a State Bank in 1795.
Nationalized in 1865.
A General Banking Business Transacted.

Safe Deposit Boxes and Chests for Silver to Rent.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Drafts drawn for one pound sterling and upwards, payable in any part of England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales and the Azores (or western islands). London correspondent—Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.
Also sub-agents for sale of Cheque Bank Cheques, payable in any part of the world.
Drafts also drawn on Bankers in Paris, payable in francs, on Berlin in marks, on Copenhagen in kronors, etc., etc.
All business entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention.

DIRECTORS
Frederick Tompkins, President.
Thomas P. Peckham, Cashier.
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A DIVIDEND PAYER!
The Gold Dollar Mining Company,
Of Cripple Creek, Colorado.
Organized under Laws of Colorado. Capital Stock, 700,000 shares, par value one dollar, each FULL PAID and NON-ASSESSABLE. 150,000 Shares in Treasury.
The mine is located in the richest portion of the celebrated gold producing district of Cripple Creek, and is held under a United States patent.
Work is carried on day and night, and high grade ore is being taken out in large quantities.
In January 1894 the Company will begin paying regular monthly dividends at the rate of 24 per cent. per annum on the amount invested.
H. H. OFFICER, Sec. and Treas
A limited amount of the shares are now offered AT 50 CTS. PER SHARE.
Stock, Prospectus and experts' report may be obtained from the banking house of
H. H. LOUNSBERY,
57 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Baldwin Brothers Co.,
BANKERS and BROKERS
New York, Boston and Chicago.
Members Con. Stock Exchange, New York, and of Chicago Board of Trade.
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Newport Office, 197 Thames St
H. BULL, JR., Manager.

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We buy and sell Bills of Exchange on and make cable transfers of money to Europe, Australia and the West Indies; also make Collections and issue Commercial and Traveling Credits, available in all parts of the world.
Brown Brothers & Co.,
BANKERS, No. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

£ FOREIGN EXCHANGE. £
Exchange on all parts of Europe for sale at current prices. London Correspondents, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Paris Correspondents, Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co. Foreign money bought and sold; also mutilated currency and silver.
A. S. SHERMAN, Merchants' Bank.

Bottled Ale,
75 cents per dozen,
FOR FAMILY USE A SPECIALTY.
T. J. LYON
3 & 5 BULL'S WHARF.

Fire-Proof Storage.
APPLY TO
DeBLOIS, HUNTER & ELDRIDGE.

CLOTHING.

Our Special Holiday Purchases
INCLUDE:
SILK UMBRELLAS,
SILK MUFFLERS,
SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,
SILK & EMBROID'D SUSPENDERS,
SCARF PINS,
CUFF BUTTONS,
STUDS and COLLAR BUTTONS,
GLOVES,
EMBROIDERED NIGHT-ROBES,
CHOICE TIES.
Our general line of Furnishing Goods is very complete and we take pleasure in showing them to one and all.
W. C. LANGLEY & SON.
174 & 176 THAMES STREET.

The Newest Styles
— OF —
Beavers, Meltons and Kerseys
— FOR —
Winter Overcoats
MAY BE FOUND AT
OTTO'S,
244 THAMES STREET.

BENNETT'S,
Next Caswell, Massey & Co.
We have good, heavy, warm
Ulsters and O'Coats
From $6 Upwards.
Also all cold weather goods,
Underwear, Caps, Gloves, etc.

World's Fair Books.
If you anticipate ordering one of these books and want it for Christmas, order at once or you may be disappointed.

Just arrived, a large assortment of
FALL and WINTER GOODS
AT
T. J. CEANEY'S,
19 FRANKLIN STREET.

The Latest Styles
— IN —
WINTER GOODS
— AT —
H. D. SPOONER'S,
300 THAMES STREET.

MALARIA
Half of all sicknesses are caused by Malaria. The poison comes out of the ground, fills the air and is breathed into the system. It is everywhere, though worse in damp or low places. Some towns have almost none, and some people never suffer with it. But nearly all have it sooner or later, often without knowing what it is that causes their bad feelings. *Don't take Quinine or Arsenic*, they only help for the time and cause head troubles and mineral poisoning. Better by far fortify your system against Malaria, with *Dr. Baker's Grape Cure*. Your dull headache, or neuralgia, or backache, or weakness, or aching bones, or "blues," or feverishness, or chills, are symptoms. If you have one or more of them *drive out the poison* with Grape Cure. This splendid vegetable medicine does not fill the bones with mineral poisons, mercury, etc. It acts gently but powerfully upon the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood and makes it *impossible* for Malaria to stay. Take it immediately and stop your bad feelings. It has cured many and it will you. Grape Cure is a pleasant tasting medicinal extract of Ripe Grapes with Curative Herbs, and is different from all other medicines. Sold by DRUGGISTS. $1.00.
Dr. Baker's GRAPE CURE

METAL

SKYLIGHTS
Guaranteed not to leak, drip or sweat, non-condensing, fireproof, ventilating. Strong, light and durable. The only perfect skylight for mills, stores and high-class dwellings.
Send for illustrated circular.
E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,
383 Harrison Ave., BOSTON, Mass.

BALL PROGRAMS
At the Daily News Office.

A LARGE LINE OF
Woolen Dresses
For the little folks.

☞Also two large dolls to be given away this year as before. Tickets will be ready Thursday, Dec. 7, at
M. B. LAPPIN'S Wrapper Store,
136 THAMES STREET.

Stop Coughing!!!

Coughing is useful in silencing a tedious speaker; however, in other respects it is thoroughly objectionable. Don't do it! It rasps the tender mucous membrane of your throat and bronchial tubes, and causes an irritation which results in inflammation and often brings on consumption.
The following gentlemen can supply you with a medicine that gives instant relief and effects a cure:

Geo. A. Wood, Cor. Broadway and Collins St.
O. M. Cole, 302 Thames St.,
John F. Holland, 475 Thames St.,
James T. Wright, 22 Washington Sq.,
Hazard, Hazard & Co., 212 Thames St.,
Frank L. Powell, 270 Thames St.,
Downing Brothers, 44 Broadway,
H. N. Hassard & Co., 164 Bellevue Ave.,
Bryer & Curtis, 58 Broadway,
Oliver Wilcox, 72 Broadway,
James A. Eddy, 377 Thames St.,
John M. Popple, 1 Tilley Ave.,
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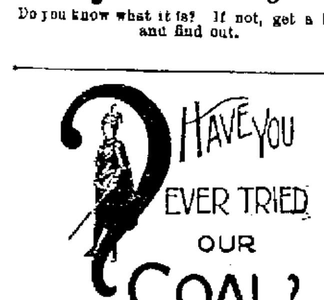
S. S. Thompson, 176 Broadway,
J. E. Watson, Jamestown, R. I.
THEY ALL SELL
Dixon's Great Russian Cough Cordial
Do you know what it is? If not, get a bottle and find out.



ABRAM ALMY, 173 Thames Street.

NOTICE.
My store will remain open all winter and shall keep a full assortment of
WINTER FRUIT,
Oysters, Clams, etc.
WILLIAM CARRY.

AN EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT OF
NOVELTIES
FOR
CHRISTMAS
At Herrmann's Jewelry Store
209 THAMES STREET.

BLUE POINT OYSTERS
Direct from Oakdale, L. I., for half shell. Also large oysters for frying.
CARRY BROTHERS,
259 THAMES STREET.

We Know It
will cure if
DR. HOUGH'S COUGH AND LUNG BALSAM
is used as directed. Price 35 cents. Sold by all druggists and medicine dealers.

J. H. BARNEY, JR., & CO.,
Insurance Agents,
154 THAMES STREET.
Telephone.

BARGAINS.

24½ lbs. Granulated Sugar,	$1.00
5 lbs. good serviceable Tea (all kinds),	1.00
1 lb. good serviceable Tea (all kinds),	.25
Chicago Exposition grade (all kinds),	.35
(The kind our New York house supplied at Jackson Park.)	
Tomatoes, Corn and Salmon (per can),	.12
Ballentine's Red Label Beer (per doz.),	.85
Whiskey (per gal.),	2.75
Whiskey (per bottle),	.90
Port, Sherry, Angelica, Catawba (per gal.),	1.25
(per bottle),	.40
Brandy for mince pies, etc. (per gal.),	3.25
(per bottle),	.85
New England Rum (per gal.),	1.55
(per bottle),	.50

F. P. Garrettson & Co.,
18 & 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

"What is The Matter"

With a present to a friend for New Year of

A "Ton of Coal?"

Nothing can be more acceptable, especially if it comes out of the bins of **Perry Brothers' Coal Yard,** which is a guarantee that it is a

"Pure High Grade Coal."

Try it on some of your friends and see if we are not about right.

PERRY BROTHERS
Main Office, 187 Thames St.

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths,
Straw Mattings,
Rugs, Mats, etc.
Window Shades,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,
Portieres, etc., etc.
Wall Papers,
Mouldings.

Wm. C. Cozzens & Co.,
138 THAMES STREET.

LOCAL NOTES

—Dr. John G. Ladd is here from New York.

—Dandelions were picked out of doors yesterday.

—Rev. Father Coyle is visiting his parents at Apponaug.

—Mr. Noah Redford is visiting his daughter, in Brooklyn.

—Officer Flynn, who has been ill for several weeks, has returned to duty.

—Miss Gilpin of this city is guest of Mrs. Roscoe Colman, in Providence.

—Mr. Frank G. Harris, formerly of this city, is residing at Bath, England.

—Mr. Frederick L. Pooler of Skowhegan, Me., is guest of Mr. L. G. Savage.

—Mrs. M. E. MacKaye of Cambridge, Mass., is visiting her son, Dr. H. G. MacKaye.

—One of the express companies was forced to deliver Christmas packages on Sunday.

—The City Council will hold its last meeting of the year this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. Walton Titus of Lynn, Mass., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Titus.

—Rev. Dr. Bass, who has been suffering from a severe cold, is today confined to his house.

—Miss Mary Brazier of Providence is guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Brazier, on Bellevue avenue.

—Mr. George Kenyon and Mr. Augustus Cottrell, formerly of this city, are visiting friends here.

—Mr. John W. Bacheller, janitor of the Potter and Willow street schools, is confined to his home by illness.

—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Clarke of New York are guests of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Clarke, on John street.

—Head Master F. E. Thompson of the Rogers High School and family are spending the week at Dover, N. H.

—Mr. Fred C. Dickerson, who is in the War Department at Washington, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Dickerson.

—Mr. and Mrs. John G. Weaver, who are here for the holidays, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Weaver, on Berkeley avenue.

—Rev. Patrick J. Sullivan of this city, who was ordained Friday in Boston, celebrated the 9 o'clock mass at St. Mary's Church on Sunday.

—Business with the florists this Christmas pertained principally to plants rather than to flowers, as is usual. There was a scarcity of flowers this year.

—Mr. Thomas Dunn entertained the members of his family and a few friends at a Christmas party on Saturday evening, at his residence on Kay street.

—Mr. William T. Bull, who is attached to the editorial department of the New York Sun, spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bull, Jr., in this city.

—Frank W. Parmeley, light keeper at the Castle Hill lighthouse, fell from a bicycle at a late hour Saturday night and broke his leg just above the ankle. He was taken to the hospital in the ambulance.

—The marriage of Miss Phoebe E. Bradford, daughter of Mrs. Joseph Bradford, to Mr. J. Stacy Brown will take place Tuesday evening, January 2, at the residence of the bride's mother, on Broadway.

—Herbert C. Albro and others have sold to Alexander Milne a lot of land bounded northerly, 47 feet, by Harrison avenue; westerly, 150 feet, by land of William W. Marvel; southerly, 30 feet, and easterly, 14 feet, on other lands of the grantors.

—Many persons sent checks from their winter homes to the managers of the telegraph offices, the money to be distributed among the messenger boys. Each lad, therefore, received a handsome cash present. Some donors sent as much as fifty dollars.

—Passed Assistant Engineer George Cowie, U. S. N., brother of Passed Assistant Paymaster T. J. Cowie, now attached to the Yantic, on the South Atlantic station, will arrive home in January, and will be at once ordered to examination for promotion, a vacancy already existing in the grade of chief engineer.

—In spite of the talk regarding hard times, the Christmas offerings at both the Catholic Churches were far in excess of those on any previous Christmas.

—Mr. N. S. Greet will give his weekly exposition of the Sunday school lesson in Southwick's Hall this evening, his subject being "The Ferris Wheel of Review."

—Virgilio del Genovese has sold to Alfredo del Genovese, for $12,000, the land on Rhode Island avenue and Oakwood Terrance, adjoining lands of Walter L. Kane, being the land sold by W. E. Crandall, E. Knox Little and Ezra A. Tuttle to Virgilio del Genovese, October 25, 1888.

—One of the police incidents of Christmas was a complaint from a member of the colored colony that he had been fleeced in a poker game at a resort on Long wharf. The amount he claimed to have lost was less than half a dollar, but the earnestness of the complaint seemed not at all affected by the smallness of the sum.

—Work on the sea wall at West Chop, in Vineyard sound, which is under the charge of the United States engineer office in this city, has been discontinued, owing to the cold weather, and Mr. S. B. Pendleton, the inspector, has returned to the local office. Work will be resumed in the spring, about three hundred and fifty tons of stone being required to complete the wall.

—The Sunday school of the United Congregational Church will have its Christmas entertainment on Thursday evening at 6:30 o'clock, in the chapel on Pelham street. Following the plan adopted last year, the scholars will bring gifts to be sent to some school in the far West. There will be a program of recitations and songs, and refreshments will be served to the scholars.

—The Newport & Wickford Steamboat and Railroad Company has a suit on its hands, Captain Herbert C. Fowler claiming $20,000 damages. Captain Fowler, while loading a cargo of coal some months ago at the company's dock in Wickford, was precipitated into the hold of a vessel by the collapse of the staging on which he was standing, and now sues for $20,000 damages for injuries received.

—The funeral of the late Edward G. Brown took place Sunday afternoon from Trinity Church, where a large number of friends of the deceased had assembled. The service was conducted by Rev. Dr. Magill, and the choir, of which Mr. Brown was a member, sang "Art Thou Weary" and "Abide with Me." The committal service at the grave was read by Rev. J. Eldred Brown, brother of the deceased. The bearers were Messrs. David T. Pinniger, Archibald B. Sayer, William A. Crosby and Maurice A. Albro.

—Charles Pross, the young man who shot himself Thursday night in the stable of his employer, Paymaster Corwine, died at the Newport Hospital Saturday evening, from slow hemorrhage, not having recovered consciousness after the shooting. Medical Examiner MacKaye was called and gave a permit for burial, in accordance with the facts. The young woman to whom it is understood that Pross was engaged arrived from New York on Sunday morning and made arrangements for the funeral. Pross was about twenty-two years of age; and had been in this city about six years, and his acquaintances speak of him as somewhat erratic in his actions, at times.

—A company of English-American singers observed the time-honored Christmas eve custom of singing Christmas carols, at the houses of several citizens, among the number serenaded being Rev. Dr. Gilliat, Rev. E. H. Porter, Mr. John Gilpin, Mr. J. F. Pearson, Miss Howland, Mr. John Alderson, Mr. George Beakhurst, Mr. William Yates, Mrs. Seaton and Mr. W. S. Lawton. All were good singers and they filled the air with appropriate music. The visitors were handsomely entertained, and would have been further remembered had all those serenaded been informed of the proposed visit. The singers were in charge of Mr. Joseph Taylor.

—Mr. Simon Newton, formerly of this city and for the past eleven years chief clerk of the Washington Aqueduct in Washington, has resigned his position in that city, to accept one with Colonel Lydecker of the engineer corps, recently ordered to Detroit, Mich., and will soon join him there. The Army and Navy Register says: "Mr. Newton has before been associated with Colonel Lydecker, having been his chief clerk for many years while on duty in Chicago and Washington. Mr. Newton will leave Washington accompanied by the regrets of every one with whom he has come in contact. He leaves his office here in a condition which highly gratifies his superiors. It is safe to say that another chief clerk of the Washington Aqueduct equal to him will not be found, and his superior does not exist.

—For the first time in Newport's history, except during the summer season, the New York Sunday papers were this week received on the day of their publication. Mr. Owen C. McDonald chartered tug Aquidneck and Mr. W. P. Clarke and Mr. Charles T. Sterne used Mr. Champion's naphtha launch, both crafts proceeding to Wickford long before daylight. At Wickford horses were secured to bring the papers from the Junction to the wharf. There was a lively race down the bay between the tug and the launch, the former reaching here eleven minutes ahead. The novel event was crowded full of exciting incidents, even if the expense was large. To be sure the newsdealers lost money, but they gained experience which is, perhaps, worth something. It is probable that the dealers will hereafter combine, in order to lessen the expense.

—Sunday afternoon a meeting was held in the Young Men's Christian Association rooms, to take action concerning the proposed series of evangelistic meetings in Newport next month. Invitations had been read in the pulpits of the several churches in the morning, and in response to them a large number was present. It was decided that the ministers of the several churches interested to an executive committee to have charge of the meetings, each minister to appoint two members of his congregation to serve with him. The meetings will probably continue two weeks, Major and Mrs. Whittal opening the series and Mr. Dwight L. Moody taking charge of the meetings at the beginning of the second week. It has not been definitely determined when the meetings will begin or where they will be held.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

A WEDDING ANNIVERSARY RECEPTION.

Rev. and Mrs. Henry N. Jeter observed the fifteenth anniversary of their marriage by a reception in the Shiloh Baptist Church last evening. The church was decorated with potted plants and palms, and pictures on the wall and platform gave a home-like appearance to the alcove in which Mr. and Mrs. Jeter received their guests. In the early part of the evening, when the church was well filled, an interesting program of solos, choruses and recitations was given by their children, Octavia, Leonard, Susie, Nellie and Walter Jeter, and Miss Chace gave a number of piano solos. During the reception, when a large number paid their respects and offered congratulations, Rev. Mr. Johnson of the Congdon street Baptist Church, Providence, presented Mr. Jeter with a sum of money from the people of that church, in recognition of his services in behalf of the Providence congregation, and Rev. Mr. Van Horne read a number of letters of congratulation from friends who were unable to attend. Among these was one from Rev. Dr. Curry of Richmond, Va., president of the institution of which Mr. Jeter is financial agent; and one from Rev. Dr. King of Providence. Before the reception closed each guest was served with refreshments, which had been prepared by the members of the church and congregation and which were served in the Sunday school room adjoining. Mr. and Mrs. Jeter received many valuable gifts from friends.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Miss Emma Stuart is guest of Mrs. James Wyatt, on Berkeley avenue.

The services in the churches were fairly well attended on Sunday. The Berkeley Memorial Church was prettily trimmed with Christmas greens by Mr. Robert Patterson and others.

Mr. Benjamin Howland had a gathering of friends at his home on Christmas Day.

Miss Clara Melville of Newport and Mr. Harry Peckham spent Christmas in Providence yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln Sisson spent Christmas in Newport.

Mr. Frank Peckham entertained yesterday a family gathering.

Mr. E. Sherman of Brooklyn, son of Mrs. Southwick Sherman, has been visiting friends here. He will return home tonight.

A large number of friends met at the home of Mr. William H. Sherman last evening, where they had a musical entertainment.

Mr. William J. Irish entertained a large family gathering at his home on Wapping road on Christmas Day.

Mr. and Mrs. David Smith had a Christmas tree and family party, at their home on Third Beach road.

Mr. William Hart entertained yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Clinton G. Smith, and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith and daughter spent Christmas with Mrs. Alden Barker of Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Peckham spent yesterday with Mr. Alvin Peckham, at Jamestown.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hesse spent Christmas with Mrs. Thomas J. Sherman.

Mrs. James Barker is guest of her son, James Barker, on Paradise avenue.

The Christmas tree entertainment at the Four Corners Methodist Episcopal Church Saturday evening was a success in every particular. Long before the time for the service the room was filled to its utmost capacity, chairs being placed in the aisles to accommodate late comers. At 7:30 o'clock the services were commenced by singing by the choir, followed by devotional exercises. Mrs. Santa Claus appeared from a side entrance or bazaar, which had been erected on the stage, and made a few remarks to the young folks, and while she was thus engaged the telephone bell rang and it was announced that old Santa Claus was on the way, having already arrived at Portsmouth, and would soon appear, well loaded with gifts. While awaiting his arrival, the children were called upon to entertain those present, with recitations and songs. The feature of the evening was the cantata of the Wise Men of the East, in costume, which was represented by Mr. John B. Ward's class. At 8:30 bells were heard, announcing the arrival of Santa Claus, dressed in furs and carrying a loaded sack over his shoulders. The distribution of gifts was then in order, and many hearts were made glad by remembrances. Rev. W. H. Allen, the pastor, received a valuable book, and Mrs. Allen a banquet lamp. There were many other valuable gifts among the number, as the older members of the church were remembered. The church was handsomely trimmed with evergreens and mottoes. It was nearly midnight when the entertainment closed. Mr. Scott Barker represented Santa Claus, and Mrs. George Carter his partner, in a very agreeable manner.

The public schools are closed for a week's vacation.

W. C. Peckham of Prospect avenue gave a dinner yesterday to many friends, including a number from Newport.

Miss Sarah Smith, who resides on the Alley road, gave a family party yesterday.

Senator E. A. Brown entertained his father, from Little Compton, yesterday.

POLICE NOTES.

Rowdyism was rampant in the "Kerry Hill" district Saturday night. Drunken hoodlums were in charge and kept up a disturbance until daylight. The single officer on duty was powerless, despite the fact that he telephoned particulars to the station. No mention of the affair was recorded at the Police Station. On the same night Officer Dugan quelled a disturbance at Vincent Gill's place, on Potter street.

Timothy O'Conor of 54 Callender avenue saw a poker game in progress at the "Harbor Cafe," on Long wharf, at a late hour Saturday night. One Corcoran accused him of stealing a bottle of whiskey, and the crowd attacked him, right and left. He was badly cut and bruised, and when he called at the Police Station to lodge a complaint was covered with blood.

The police were not forgotten at Christmas.

Let "good digestion wait on appetite and health on both," by taking Ayer's Pills.

Old Company's Lehigh,
Susquehanna,
Lykens Valley and
Wilkesbarre Coal
Well prepared for family use.
PINNIGER & MANCHESTER
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ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

REDWOOD LODGE, NO. 11, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Chancellor Commander—William L. Northup.
Vice Commander—John M. Holt.
Prelate—Benjamin F. Sisson.
Master of Finance—E. I. Gorton.
Master of Exchequer—W. D. Tew.
Keeper of Records and Seals—Herbert L. Marsh.
Master of Work—William H. Langley.
Trustees—J. G. Spiegler, Simeon Davis, George Burkinshaw.

The officers will be installed on Friday, January 5, by District Deputy Grand Chancellor Julius G. Lutz.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. Isaac S. Cole of Providence has given to Mr. Benjamin Devol, who lives alone near the shore of Mr. Cole's summer residence, enough provisions of all kinds to last him through the entire winter.

The Portsmouth schools usually have Christmas and the day preceding for a holiday vacation. As Christmas fell on Monday this year, they had but one day.

Mr. Albert Sisson received a letter from his granddaughter, Miss Lottie Almy, last week, informing him that she was traveling in Scotland.

The teacher and pupils of the Bristol Ferry school had a pretty Christmas tree, with appropriate exercises, Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Chace and their children celebrated Christmas Saturday evening by a tree, loaded with presents, at their home.

Miss Annie and Miss Lena Briggs of Providence spent Christmas with their aunt, Mrs. Albert W. Lawrence.

Mr. Clinton Howland of Fall River was guest on Sunday of Charles Boyd and family.

Mr. Frank Eddy of Swansea was in town on Sunday.

Saturday morning a barrel of Christmas gifts and $7 in money was sent to Barachah orphanage, New York. These gifts were secured by earnest work on the part of Miss Grace Brownell, teacher in the Peabody district, and her pupils.

Mr. Anson Greene of Exeter is guest of his brother, Dr. Benjamin Greene.

Mr. Isaac P. Greene of New York is spending the holidays with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Benjamin Greene.

Miss Fannie L. Holman, who has been ill, is considerably better.

Dr. and Mrs. Benjamin Greene entertained a party of twelve persons on Christmas Day. The guests included Mrs. Greene's grandfather, Mr. William Earle Cook, over ninety years of age, but still quite vigorous; her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Philip B. Chase; her daughter and husband, Rev. William H. Allen, and child of Middletown, her son, Mr. Isaac P. Greene of New York, and Dr. Greene's brother, Mr. Anson Greene of Exeter.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver G. Hicks, with their daughters, Miss Bertha and Miss Abbie, were guests of the proprietor of the Evans House, Fall River, on Christmas Day.

Mr. Louis Mitchell of Bristol Ferry is quite sick.

Captain Edward Wilcox of Providence has been in town on business. His wife, formerly Miss Nellie Alexander, and a teacher here, has been sick since her return from Chicago, and has recently been confined to bed.

Dr. MacKaye of Newport was in town on Christmas Day, in connection with the shooting affair on Prudence island. He called on Coroner Joseph G. Dennis, who took him to the city in time for his Christmas dinner.

Dinner Sets.
A NEW STYLE OF
DECORATED CHINA DINNER SETS
Of 100 pieces
For $25.00
Just opened.
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A full line of STANDAR[D] and Miscelaneous Books [for] the HOLIDAYS.
Also Diaries and Calend[ars] for 1894. Pictures Fram[ed] and Unframed of all kinds.

Holiday Goods,
A fine line of Calendars,
Prang's Art Pictures, unframed, or [we] frame them at short notice.
The new edition Prayer Books and Hy[m]nals. Pocketbooks, Cardcases, Portfolios.
JUST ISSUED,
Balzac's The Village Rector,
Translated by Katharine Prescott Wormeley.
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Delicious Hot Soda
WITH WHIPPED CREAM,
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